KENT AND MEDWAY NHS JOINT OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

Tuesday, 26th April, 2022

10.00 am

Council Chamber, Sessions House, County Hall, Maidstone









AGENDA

KENT AND MEDWAY NHS JOINT OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

Tuesday, 26th April, 2022, at 10.00 am Ask for: Kay Goldsmith Council Chamber, Sessions House, County Telephone: 03000 416512 Hall, Maidstone

Membership

Kent County Council Mr P Bartlett (Vice-Chair), Mr N Chard, Ms K Constantine, and Ms S

Hamilton

Medway Council Cllr B Kemp, Cllr T Murray, Cllr W Purdy and Cllr D Wildey (Chair)

UNRESTRICTED ITEMS

(During these items the meeting is likely to be open to the public)

Item Timings* 1. 10:00 **Apologies and Substitutes** 2. **Election of Chair** Election of Vice-Chair 3. 4. Declaration of interests by Members in items on the Agenda for this meeting Minutes from the meeting held on 2 December 2021 (Pages 1 - 4) 5. 6. Specialist Vascular Services Review (Pages 5 - 136) 10:05 7. East Kent Transformation Programme (Pages 137 - 144) 10:35 8. Date of next meeting: to be confirmed 11:00

EXEMPT ITEMS

(At the time of preparing the agenda there were no exempt items. During any such items which may arise the meeting is likely NOT to be open to the public)

*Timings are approximate

Benjamin Watts General Counsel 03000 416814

14 April 2022

KENT COUNTY COUNCIL

KENT AND MEDWAY NHS JOINT OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

MINUTES of a meeting of the Kent and Medway NHS Joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee held in the Council Chamber, Sessions House, County Hall, Maidstone on Thursday, 2 December 2021.

PRESENT: Cllr D Wildey (Chair), Cllr T Murray, Cllr W Purdy, Mr P Bartlett (Vice-Chairman), Mr N J D Chard and Ms S Hamilton

ALSO PRESENT:

IN ATTENDANCE: Mrs K Goldsmith (Research Officer - Overview and Scrutiny)

UNRESTRICTED ITEMS

43. Membership

(Item 1)

RESOLVED that the change in KCC membership following the May election be noted.

44. Election of Chair

(Item 3)

Mr Bartlett proposed, and Cllr Purdy seconded, that Cllr Wildey be elected Chair of the Committee. There were no other nominations.

RESOLVED that Cllr Wildey be Chair of the Committee.

45. Election of Vice-Chair

(Item 4)

Cllr Wildey proposed, and Mr Chard seconded, that Mr Bartlett be elected Vice-Chair of the Committee. There were no other nominations.

RESOLVED that Mr Bartlett be Vice-Chair of the Committee.

46. Declaration of interests by Members in items on the Agenda for this meeting

(Item 5)

Mr Chard declared that he was a Director of Engaging Kent.

47. Minutes from the meeting held on 17 March 2021 (*Item 6*)

RESOLVED that the minutes from 17 March 2021 meeting were correctly recorded and that they be signed by the Chair.

48. East Kent Transformation Programme (*Item 7*)

In attendance for this item: Rachel Jones, Executive Director of Strategy and Population Health, K&M CCG, Simon Brookes-Sykes, Associate Director, East Kent Programme, K&M CCG, Jonathan Purday, Lead South-East Vascular Network, Nicky Bentley, Director of Strategy & Business Development, EKHUFT

- 1. The Chair drew the Committee's attention to a draft letter to the Secretary of State for Health and Social Care, attached to the agenda as Appendix A. The Committee agreed that the letter should be signed by Mr Bartlett (Chair of the Committee when the letter was drafted) and sent after the meeting.
- 2. Rachel Jones introduced the paper and ran through the key points from the agenda paper. She explained that whilst the Pre-Consultation Business Case (PCBC) had been through the Kent & Medway CCG and NHS England assurance process, the options could not continue to public consultation until capital funding was secured. In July 2021, the Department of Health & Social Care had invited expressions of interest from NHS Trusts wishing to be considered for inclusion in the next wave of the Health Infrastructure Plan (HIP). East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trust (EKHUFT) submitted a bid in September 2021, but results were not expected until April/May 2022.
- 3. Members of the Committee asked whether the proposals would help to address health inequalities in the area, and whether they were compatible with the "levelling up" agenda. Ms Jones acknowledged that there were significant inequalities, not just health based, across Kent and Medway. Investment was undertaken with the intention of reducing inequalities, though this was often in relation to a specific disease area (such as stroke). She explained that as part of her role she was the lead for Population Health in the county. She said that partners across sectors needed to work together to tackle inequalities. For example, there was a mismatch between children leaving school and struggling to find work, whilst hospitals were calling out for staff. The Population Health Development Programme had been created to address those problems. The East Kent Transformation Programme was one part of that journey.
- 4. Ms Jones made clear that both options under the proposal would have to be viable for implementation. Financial diligence was needed for both, and the expected costs were being looked at again in light of the impact of covid-19 on infrastructure projects. Both options required a similar level of investment (around £460 million).
- 5. Ms Jones believed the decisions around which 8 bids should be included in the latest HIP wave would be made within the highest levels of the NHS. It

- was vital that the county of Kent was visible to decision makers, and all parties united on their desire to improve services in East Kent under one of the two options. If East Kent was not successful with its HIP bid, there was no plan B.
- 6. Members were keen to support the bid and felt the letter to the Secretary of State was one way of achieving that. They supported the proposal as it would benefit the residents and families of those in Kent and Medway.
- 7. A member expressed disappointment that the poor state of William Harvey Hospital's buildings was not made clear during the Stroke Review and questioned whether the success of the HASU at William Harvey would be dependent on the capital funding from the HIP. Ms Jones explained that was not the case, as the HASU investment came with £32m and would deliver a new stroke unit, separate to the current estate. For Vascular services, East Kent had invested their own capital money to manage the additional capacity. Estates were a national problem for health services.
- 8. Members asked about the recruitment and retention of health staff, which would be vital to the success of either option. Ms Jones accepted that staffing was a national cause for concern, and whilst the options under the proposal would not solve the issue, they would be a step in the right direction as working in East Kent would become more attractive (through providing modern facilities in which to work and consolidating specialisms would allow for improved rotas and working conditions).
- 9. Members accepted the argument that centralising specialist staff resulted in improved outcomes for patients. There was concern though that there was a national shortage of some specialists, which was not a new phenomenon. There was also concern that these specialists were being directed away from Medway who would also like to see improved recruitment and job offerings in the local area.
- 10. Members thanked the guests for their attendance and report, and Members were in agreement that the HIP bid provided an opportunity for the whole county.

11.RESOLVED that

- i. The report be noted.
- ii. The letter of support (Appendix A) be sent to the Secretary of State at the conclusion of the meeting.

49. Date of next meeting: to be confirmed (*Item 8*)

- (a) FIELD (b) FIELD_TITLE

By: Kay Goldsmith, Scrutiny Research Officer to the Kent Health Overview

and Scrutiny Committee

To: Kent and Medway NHS Joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee, 26 April

2022

Subject: Kent and Medway Specialist Vascular Services Review

Summary: This report invites the Kent and Medway NHS Joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee to consider the information provided by NHS England & NHS Improvement Specialised Commissioning South East.

It provides background information which may prove useful to Members.

1. Introduction

(a) Vascular services manage the treatment and care of patients with vascular disease relating to disorders of the arteries, veins, and lymphatic system. The diseases can be managed by medical therapy, minimally invasive catheter procedures and surgical reconstruction.

2. Background

- (a) In 2014, an NHS review commenced into the Vascular Services serving the East Kent and Medway populations. The services provided in North and West Kent are not included in the review.
- (b) The case for change was agreed in 2016 and a review process identified a clinical "hub and spoke model" (i.e., a single inpatient hub in Kent & Medway supported by a number of spokes across the region).
- (c) The broad clinical agreement was that in the long term, an arterial centre (the inpatient hub) should be located in East Kent (subject to consultation). The exact location in East Kent will be determined by the outcome of the East Kent Transformation Programme which is still ongoing. There is therefore a need for an interim solution.
- (d) The proposed interim solution is for a single arterial centre to be housed on the Kent and Canterbury Hospital site, with a non-arterial centre on the Medway Maritime Hospital site.
- (e) At their meeting in February 2020, JHOSC were informed how preengagement events that had taken place during 2019 had seen a low attendance rate. Further engagement/ consultation was planned and NHSE would seek to involve relevant third sector organisations.

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- (f) Also, in February 2020, the Committee were notified that there had been an emergency move of the Abdominal Aortic Aneurism Repair (AAA) service from Medway Maritime Hospital to the Kent and Canterbury Hospital. This was required following staff shortages in December at the Medway site which led to concerns over patient safety. Patients would still receive their assessment at Medway Maritime Hospital, it would only impact AAA intervention and emergency surgery.
- (g) The Committee received its last formal, written update on 17 March 2021. At that time, it was expected that a consultation would be held in April/May 2021 followed by implementation in Autumn 2021 (at the earliest). The update was noted.
- (h) In June 2021, JHOSC members were notified via email that the proposal was going through the NHS England/ Improvement Stage 2 assurance process which would see the Pre-Consultation Business Case (PCBC) signed off prior to public consultation. In October 2021, a further email update confirmed that NHSE/I had requested further work as a result of the Stage 2 assurance process and an assurance panel date had been set for 1 November 2021. This resulted in a revision to the timetable for both consultation and implementation.
- (i) Additional information was provided to JHOSC members and views were put forward about the proposed consultation process. Later in December members were further informed that NHSE/I had given permission for the consultation to proceed but that the start was to be delayed by two weeks to 24 January 2022.
- (j) NHS England & NHSE Improvement Specialised Commissioning South East have asked to attend today's meeting to provide an update.

3. Joint Scrutiny

- (a) Regulation 23 of the Local Authority (Public Health, Health and Wellbeing Boards and Health Scrutiny) Regulations 2013 requires relevant NHS bodies and health service providers to consult a local authority about any proposal which they have under consideration for a substantial development or variation in the provision of health services in the local authority's area. This obligation requires notification and publication of the date on which it is proposed to make a decision as to whether to proceed with the proposal and the date by which Overview and Scrutiny may comment.
- (b) The Medway Health and Adult Social Care Overview and Scrutiny
 Committee (HASC) considered the Kent and Medway Specialist Vascular

Services Review on 11 August 2015. They determined that the reconfiguration constituted a substantial variation in the provision of health services in Medway.

- (c) The Kent Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee (HOSC) considered the item on 17 July and 9 October 2015. The Committee also deemed the changes to be a substantial variation in the provision of health services in Kent.
- (d) As both health scrutiny committees declared the proposals to be a substantial variation, formal scrutiny passed to a joint committee. In line with Regulation 30 of the Local Authority (Public Health, Health and Wellbeing Boards and Health Scrutiny) Regulations 2013 the Kent and Medway NHS Joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee (JHOSC) may:
 - i. make comments on the proposal;
 - ii. require the provision of information about the proposal;
 - iii. require the relevant NHS bodies and health service providers to attend before it to answer questions in connection with the consultation.
- (e) The legislation makes provision for local authorities to refer a substantial variation of service to the Secretary of State in certain circumstances. The JHOSC cannot itself refer a decision to the Secretary of State but may recommend a course of action to the relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committees.

4. Recommendation

The JHOSC is invited to note the report.

Background Documents

Kent County Council (2015) *'Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee (17/07/2015)'*, https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=112&Mld=5841&Ver=4

Kent County Council (2015) 'Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee (04/09/2015)', https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/mgAi.aspx?ID=32939

Medway Council (2015) 'Health and Adult Social Care Overview and Scrutiny Committee (11/08/2015)',

http://democracy.medway.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=131&Mld=3255&Ver=4

Item 5: Kent and Medway Specialist Vascular Services Review

Kent County Council (2016) 'Kent and Medway NHS Joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee (08/01/2016)',

https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=757&Mld=6314&Ver=4

Kent County Council (2016) 'Kent and Medway NHS Joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee (29/04/2016)',

https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=757&Mld=6357&Ver=4

Kent County Council (2016) 'Kent and Medway NHS Joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee (04/08/2016)',

https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=757&Mld=7405&Ver=4

Kent County Council (2016) 'Kent and Medway NHS Joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee (28/11/2016)', https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/mgAi.aspx?ID=42591

Kent County Council (2017) 'Kent and Medway NHS Joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee (12/12/2017)', https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/mgAi.aspx?ID=46700

Kent County Council (2018) 'Kent and Medway NHS Joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee (12/10/2018)',

https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=757&Mld=8154&Ver=4

Kent County Council (2019) 'Kent and Medway NHS Joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee (10/09/2019)',

https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=757&Mld=8413&Ver=4

Kent County Council (2020) 'Kent and Medway NHS Joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee (04/02/2020)',

https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=757&Mld=8624&Ver=4

Kent County Council (2021) 'Kent and Medway NHS Joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee (17/03/2021)',

https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=757&Mld=8769&Ver=4

Contact Details

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Kent & Medway Joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee Briefing on Kent & Medway Vascular Reconfiguration Programme April 2022

1. Purpose

- 1.1. The purpose of this paper is to update the Joint Health and Scrutiny Committee (JHOSC) members on the following:
 - The public consultation and to present the consultation report to the JHOSC following the public consultation from 1st February – 15th March 2022
 - To briefly outline the key themes from the report; and
 - To outline next steps

2. Background

- 2.1. Kent and Medway CCG and NHS England Specialised Commissioning South East have been working together over a number of years to consider the optimal solution for Kent and Medway patients needing vascular care. The current service provision (specialist inpatient work being delivered from Medway Hospital, part of Medway Foundation NHS Trust (MFT), and Kent and Canterbury Hospital, part of the East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trust (EKHUFT)) is not compliant with the NHS England Service Specification for Specialised Vascular Surgery, nor the Vascular Society of Great Britain and Ireland Standards.
- 2.2. Additionally, there have been a number of challenges around staffing and therefore the sustainability of services at Medway Hospital, which required commissioning intervention to ensure the ongoing sustainability of some vascular services in the region and ensure patient outcomes were not affected.
- 2.3. There has been regular and ongoing engagement with the Kent and Medway Joint Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee since 2015 on the progress of the work.
- 2.4. NHS England Specialised Commissioning South East (NHSE SE) attended the Kent and Medway JHOSC on 6th February 2020 to report on the urgent need to move Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm repair (AAA) part of the vascular service at Medway Hospital due to patient safety concerns. This move was agreed, and the service subsequently moved to the Kent and Canterbury site with immediate effect.
- 2.5. NHS England South East also updated on the planned engagement due April / May 2020 on both the emergency move of AAA surgery and the proposed move to consolidate inpatient vascular activity into a Main Arterial Centre based at Kent and Canterbury Hospital.
- 2.6. However, before this could happen the Coronavirus pandemic hit. Due to this it was recommended that a public and patient consultation take place on both the emergency move of AAA surgery and the proposed move to create a Main Arterial Centre at Kent and Canterbury Hospital for specialised vascular inpatient surgery for the medium term until the East Kent reconfiguration programme has been completed where the final site will be determined



- 2.7. In the development of the medium and longer term solutions for vascular services across Kent and Medway a significant amount of engagement work has been undertaken with a wide range of stakeholders. This consisted of:
 - An engagement and listening event in July and August 2015
 - Deliberative, testing the model event in February 2016
 - Update events in February and August 2017 which included testing six evaluation criteria
 - Further public engagement event in September 2019
 - Further assurance of the proposal undertaken by NHS England & Improvement November 2021
- 3. The public consultation for the emergency move of Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm (AAA) from Medway Foundation Trust to Kent & Canterbury Hospital and the proposed medium term proposal for inpatient vascular services in Kent & Medway
 - 3.1. The consultation ran from 1st February 2022 15th March 2022. The consultation exercise was tailored to be thorough but compliant with COVID-19 restrictions.
 - 3.2. NHSE SE commissioned an external agency to ensure this process was carried out independently, robustly, and reached all target groups, including staff, patients and seldom heard groups.
 - 3.3. Target groups included:
 - patients of vascular services, and those with experience of relevant services, such as diabetes, renal, podiatry and vascular screening programmes.
 - relevant third sector organisations with experience of and contact with these patient groups; and
 - staff at all organisations, especially those in affected services.
 - 3.4. Four online events were run, which were well attended, and a number of presentations to community groups took place.
 - 3.5. Multiple methods were used to reach people including surveys, written information and online focus groups and workshops. Provision was made for those without online access, such as telephone interviews. Seldom heard groups were also specifically targeted via relevant third sector organisations.
 - 3.6. A staff engagement exercise was also run alongside the public consultation.
 - 3.7. The consultation report has been made available to both NHS England Specialised Commissioning and Kent and Medway CCG. The feedback received during the public consultation will also be analysed by the implementation team and where appropriate mitigations will be considered to address the concerns raised.
 - 3.8. During the public consultation a number of consultees were keen to contribute towards shaping the proposed service changes and in particular to help the NHS to mitigate some of the travel issues that were raised. NHS England Specialised



Commissioning and NHS Kent and Medway CCG will ensure these consultees are invited to join a patient and public group which will feed into the implementation planning. Further details will be laid out in the decision making business case.

4. Key themes from the consultation report

- 4.1. The consultation was on the preferred option to create a medium-term inpatient vascular centre at Kent and Canterbury Hospital.
- 4.2. The purpose of the consultation was to ensure the impact on patients and their families is fully understood and considered. Views were therefore sought on:
 - the advantages and disadvantages of the proposal to create a single vascular centre for inpatient surgery
 - whether the proposals will make the improvements required to meet national standards; and
 - how to ensure that patients have a good, high-quality experience of all the services required for their care.
- 4.3. Views on people's current experiences of the service were also sought through a consultation questionnaire. This data has been captured and will be fed into existing service improvement processes and does not form part of the formal consultation process.
- 4.4. In total 2,800 people accessed the online consultation portal, of those:
 - 697 people are considered aware of the consultation, because they actively engaged with the consultation site, either downloading or viewing information, of these:
 - o 410 people downloaded the consultation document
 - o 30 people downloaded the easy read documents and
 - o 25 people downloaded the paper version of the survey.
- 4.5. Overall, 255 people responded to the consultation through the survey, of those:
 - 174 responses were through the online, and
 - 81 paper responses were returned in the post.
- 4.6. In addition, meetings were held that involved community groups across Kent and community health researchers carried out 11 one-to-one interviews and 2 focus groups targeting less listened to communities.
- 4.7. Overall people broadly agreed with the proposals made within the consultation.
- 4.8. 174 people (68%) that responded to the survey agreed with the proposal that all vascular surgery requiring a stay in hospital will be provided as a medium-term measure at Kent and Canterbury Hospital in Canterbury. There were 60 people (24%) that did not agree with this proposal.
- 4.9. Comments received through the consultation showed that whilst people agreed with having a centre of excellence and understood the benefits of having specialist care



- concentrated in one location, they remained concerned about the accessibility of Kent and Canterbury Hospital.
- 4.10. Concerns were raised repeatedly throughout the consultation about the travel options to get to Kent and Canterbury Hospital from across the whole geography of Kent. People felt that there was insufficient information provided about travel options, such as bus timetables/routes, volunteer car driver services and non-emergency patient transport services available to patients to get to appointments at Kent and Canterbury Hospital.
- 4.11. For some respondents this impacted on their ability to provide an informed response to the consultation and led to them being unable to agree to the proposals or being unsure about the proposals.
- 4.12. For staff that responded to the consultation there was clear recognition of the value of having a centre of excellence, and the potential benefits that this might bring to staff retention, recruitment, training and expertise. There were comments about improving team working and ensuring the resilience of services at other hospitals across the county. Overall staff agreed with the proposals.
- 4.13. People valued keeping outpatient appointments and diagnostics in their current locations and responses showed support for ensuring that the other local hospitals remained as accessible local options for patients to get to. There were comments that challenged why inpatient surgery had to move from Medway Hospital to Kent and Canterbury Hospital, suggesting that an alternative option could be to invest in Medway Hospital instead, and to retain inpatient surgery there. People clearly value having services close to home, reducing travel requirements.
- 4.14. The consultation proposals did not include any proposals to change services at the Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother Hospital (QEQM); despite this some comments suggested that the consultation was reducing services and options to patients there. Some people likened the consultation to a disinvestment of services and cited a recent consultation in the area about stroke services.
- 4.15. Whilst people recognised that the proposals would continue to provide day surgery and rehabilitation services at Medway Maritime Hospital, there was concern that there would be a negative impact on the hospital if inpatient services were moved to Kent and Canterbury Hospital. People were also concerned about how patients would be transferred back to their local hospital for after care following any inpatient surgery.
- 4.16. Of the 255 responses received to the survey, 195 people (76%) understood the need for change, however 56 people (22%) remained concerned about the proposal highlighting transport and travel times as their main concern. Further comments were also received from community groups and direct interviews and that feedback is incorporated in the full analysis in the report.



5. Next Steps

 Consultation report completed •Consultation report endorsed by Programme Oversight Group •Consultation report to be signed off by stakeholders •Consultation report to be taken to JHOSC •Decision making business case (DMBC) to be developed **April** •Task and Finish groups to be reinstated •Network development group to be developed (in place of steering group) • Decision making business case to be signed off by Programme Oversight Group •Decision making business case to be signed off by stakeholders •Implementation plan to be developed subject to discussion / agreement with partners •Interested parties for the public participation group to be contacted with the decision May and if relevant invited to be part of the group •Staff consultation to start for 30 days • Patient participation group to be formed (will be part of the network development and implementation process) June •IR suite completed at Kent & Canterbury •TUPE process undertaken •Transfer of inpatient service Network to be further developed July Second IR suite refurb at Kent & Canterbury •KPIs and monitoring to be agreed August and beyond

6. Members of the JHOSC are asked to note:

- the consultation report and its contents
- the next steps.

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Improving Vascular services across east Kent, Medway and Maidstone

Consultation Report



Report Author:	Julia Stackhouse	Senior Communications and Engagement Manager	South Central and West CSU
Report Author:	Kierstan Lowe	Senior Communications and Engagement Manager	South Central and West CSU
Date	April 2022		

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Executive Summary

Introduction

NHS England and NHS Improvement Specialised Commissioning (NHSEI) together with NHS Kent and Medway Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG), consulted on improving vascular services across east Kent, Medway and Maidstone.

The consultation ran for a six-week period (1 February to 15 March 2022).

The proposal

The consultation was on the preferred option to create a medium-term inpatient vascular centre at Kent and Canterbury Hospital.

What does that mean for patients?

- In East Kent out of a total of 740 elective and non-elective inpatient procedures performed, 339 were non-elective / emergency.
- For Medway, there were a total of 409 elective and non-elective inpatient procedures performed, 257 of which were non-elective / emergency. The 409 procedures were done on a total of 265 patients (some patients had more than one procedure).

This means that around 65% of inpatient procedures are non-elective / emergency. As such, almost all those patients would be transported from the Medway area to Kent and Canterbury Hospital by emergency ambulance / blue light.

The remaining 35% of patients would need to make their own way to Kent and Canterbury Hospital for their inpatient procedure. This equates to around 65 or 70 patients per year (fewer than 2 patients per week).

The consultation

The purpose of the consultation was to ensure the impact on patients and their families is fully understood and considered. Views were therefore sought on:

 the advantages and disadvantages of the proposal to create a single vascular centre for inpatient surgery



- whether the proposals will make the improvements required to meet national standards
- how to ensure that patients have a good, high-quality experience of all the services required for their care, including:
 - inpatient vascular surgery at the proposed vascular inpatient centre (treatment requiring an overnight stay)
 - outpatient services available at local hospitals (clinic appointments or tests without an overnight stay)
 - o advice and support from the patient's GP
 - o aftercare as close to home as possible
 - o any other support services required
 - any additional considerations required in terms of travel and transport arrangements for both patients and visitors
 - any other considerations required for the effective design and delivery of vascular services.

Views on people's current experiences of the service were also sought through the consultation questionnaire. This data has been captured and will be fed into existing service improvement processes and does not form part of the formal consultation process.

The full details of the proposal are outlined in the electronic and printed consultation document which was available at

https://jointheconversation.scwcsu.nhs.uk/vascular-services
and was distributed in paper format through a range of venues and clinics.

Paper copies of the survey and an easy read version were also available. (See Appendices 1, 2 and 3).

This consultation report will be published on both NHSEI and Kent and Medway CCG's website.

Number of responses

In total 2,800 people accessed the online consultation portal, of those:

697 people are considered aware of the consultation, because they actively engaged with the consultation site, either downloading or viewing information, of these;



- 410 people downloaded the consultation document
- 30 people downloaded the easy read documents and
- 25 people downloaded the paper version of the survey.

Overall 255 people responded to the consultation through the survey, of those:

- 174 responses were through the online
- 81 paper responses were returned in the post.

In addition, meetings were also held that involved community groups across Kent and community health researchers carried out 11 one-to-one interviews and 2 focus groups targeting less listened to communities.

Consultation Response

Overall people broadly agreed with the proposals made within the consultation.

174 people that responded to the survey agreed with the proposal that all vascular surgery requiring a stay in hospital will be provided as a medium-term measure at Kent and Canterbury Hospital in Canterbury. There were 60 people that did not agree with this proposal.

Comments received through the consultation showed that whilst people agreed with having a centre of excellence and understood the benefits of having specialist care concentrated in one location, they remained concerned about the accessibility of Kent and Canterbury Hospital.

Concerns were raised repeatedly throughout the consultation about the travel options to get to Kent and Canterbury Hospital from across the whole geography of Kent. People felt that there was insufficient information provided about travel options, such as bus timetables/routes, volunteer car driver services and non-emergency patient transport services available to patients to get to appointments at Kent and Canterbury Hospital.

For some respondents this impacted on their ability to provide an informed response to the consultation and led to them being unable to agree to the proposals or being unsure about the proposals.

For staff that responded to the consultation there was clear recognition of the value of having a centre of excellence, and the potential benefits that this might bring to



staff retention, recruitment, training and expertise. There were comments about improving team working and ensuring the resilience of services at other hospitals across the county. Overall staff agreed with the proposals.

People valued keeping outpatient appointments and diagnostics in their current locations and responses showed support for ensuring that the other local hospitals remained as accessible local options for patients to get to. There were comments that challenged why inpatient surgery had to move from Medway Hospital to Kent and Canterbury Hospital, suggesting that an alternative option could be to invest in Medway Hospital instead, and to retain inpatient surgery there. People clearly value having services close to home, reducing travel requirements.

The consultation proposals did not include any proposals to change services at the Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother Hospital (QEQM), despite this some comments suggested that the consultation was reducing services and options to patients there. Some people likened the consultation to a disinvestment of services and cited a recent consultation in the area about stroke services.

Whilst people recognised that the proposals would continue to provide day surgery and rehabilitation services at Medway Maritime Hospital, there was concern that there would be a negative impact on the hospital if inpatient services were moved to Kent and Canterbury Hospital. People were also concerned about how patients would be transferred back to their local hospital for after care following any inpatient surgery.

Of the 255 responses received to the survey, 195 people understood the need for change, however 56 people remained concerned about the proposal highlighting transport and travel times as their main concern. Further comments were also received from community groups and direct interviews and that feedback is incorporated in the full analysis in the report.

Conclusions

The consultation has reached 2,800 people across Kent and most respondents to the survey agreed with all elements of the proposals made in the consultation, however, there remain concerns within the community about travel and transport and the accessibility of Kent and Canterbury Hospital for patients across the county.



There were also some comments which potentially indicated some confusion amongst a small number of patients about what constitutes inpatient surgery and the difference between day surgery and inpatient surgery. The concerns raised about travel and transport also highlighted the impact on ambulance services and potential co-dependencies with accident and emergency services.



Background and objectives

NHS England and NHS Improvement Specialised Commissioning (NHSEI) together with NHS Kent and Medway Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG), consulted on improving vascular services across east Kent, Medway and Maidstone.

The consultation ran for a six-week period (1 February to 15 March 2022). The consultation was on the preferred option to create a medium-term inpatient vascular centre at Kent and Canterbury Hospital. The purpose of the consultation was to ensure we have considered the impact on patients and their families and so we sought views on:

- the advantages and disadvantages of our proposal to create a single vascular centre for inpatient surgery
- whether our proposals will make the improvements we need to meet national standards
- how we can ensure that patients have a good, high-quality experience of all the services required for their care

The full details of the proposal are outlined in the electronic and printed consultation document which was available at

https://jointheconversation.scwcsu.nhs.uk/vascular-services (see Appendix 1) and was distributed in paper format through a range of venues and clinics. Paper copies of the survey and an easy read version were also available.

This consultation report will be published on both NHSEI and Kent and Medway CCG's website.

This feedback (from the consultation) will be considered alongside other relevant information such as patient-safety factors and clinical best practice; NHSEI and Kent and Medway CCG will use this to help them make decisions about the proposed changes.



Promotion of the consultation

NHSEI and NHS partner organisations promoted the consultation to patients, members of the public and key stakeholders. 2,029 people reached the consultation through Facebook referrals and 951 came directly through consultation website link. The channels and methods of communication used by NHSEI, Kent and Medway CCG and the local Trusts are outlined below:

Patient communications

Direct patient communication included:

- Letters to past and current vascular and renal patients of both East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trust and Medway NHS Foundation Trust
- A mail out to 2,000 patients via Diabetes UK's Kent and Medway list
- 700 printed consultation documents distributed to patients on vascular wards and in clinics across Kent and Medway
- Communications pack sent to partner healthcare providers in primary and community care including chiropody services, community care organisations, disability groups
- Communications pack sent to patient transport provider to share with their service users
- Information shared with maternity voice partnerships in Kent, Medway and Maidstone
- Patient Participation Group (PPG) Chairs including Medway and Swale PPG
- Information shared with Kent Disability Forum and live presentation given to virtual meeting

Public and community communications

Public communication included:

 Comprehensive news updates on all NHS partner websites (East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trust; Medway NHS Foundation Trust;



- NHS Kent and Medway CCG) linking to the <u>online consultation</u> and NHSEI's background information and resources
- A video produced by an independent production company giving an overview
 of current vascular services in the region and outlining the proposed changes.
 Full and short versions were hosted on the online consultation platform,
 shared widely on social media and shown at the patient and public events
- Social media campaign supported by NHSEI, East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trust; Medway NHS Foundation Trust and NHS Kent and Medway CCG
 - See Appendices 4 and 5 for social media schedule and content
- Social media advertising campaign on Facebook targeting all adults (18+) in the region covered by the consultation (see figure 1 below), representing a potential audience of between 1.3 million and 1.4 million people.
 See Appendix 5 for social media advertising engagement statistics.

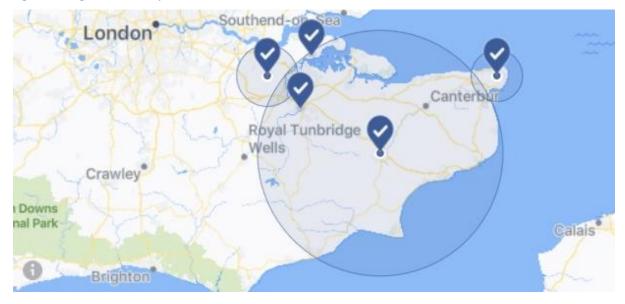


Figure 1: Region covered by the consultation

Source: Facebook Ad Manager tool

- Consultation details included in Kent & Medway CCG community bulletin –
 6,000 recipients
- News release and follow up by partner organisations targeting regional and local media across Kent and Medway, and resulting media coverage (see media coverage results at Appendix 6)

 Letters to editors of all Kent and Medway media organisations requesting publication and sharing details of the vascular services consultation

Communication via community groups and groups supporting people with protected characteristics included:

- Kent and Medway CCG sent letters to all Patient Participation Group Chairs across Kent and Medway asking them to alert their members to the consultation
- Kent Healthwatch shared details and links to the consultation through its newsletter to 865 registered recipients
- Communications pack sent to 15 Age UK local network representatives across Kent and Medway
- Communications pack sent to patient and public representative groups and charities including Arthritis Action, Alzheimer's Society Kent
- Communications pack to voluntary and community organisations across Kent and Medway including Involve Kent, Crossroads Kent, Swale Community & Voluntary Services, The Centre for Independent Living Kent (CiLK), Swale Seniors Forum, Kent Refugee Action Network, Cohesion Plus (Kent), Stonewall, Maidstone Mosque, Shri Guru Nanak Gurdwara, Triratna West Kent Buddhist Group, Nigerian Association Kent, Freedom Centre Sheppey, Kent Community Health Learning Disabilities Forums, Kent Wheelchair Services, Transgender Peer Associates Limited (TGPALS) Kent (see full list of stakeholders at Appendix 7 and Engagement Log at Appendix 8)
- Medway Voluntary Action coordinated social media posts sharing the consultation across six accounts (Facebook, Twitter and LinkedIn)
- Medway Voluntary Action included details and links to the consultation in three different newsletters to 3,650 subscribers (combined)
- Medway Voluntary Action emailed more than 2,000 people including volunteers, Befriending Together members, community update meeting group members and community faith forum partners
- Medway Voluntary Action worked with community focus group facilitators and community health researchers as part of the Involving Medway programme.



- They made 197 phone calls to community groups and health researchers as well as promoting via email and social media.
- Outreach to local community groups including letters and attendance at a range of meetings and events – online and in person.

Engagement log at Appendix 8 for details

Stakeholder communications

Communication with stakeholders included:

- Letters to all Kent and Medway MPs (17 in total)
- Letters to 600 local councillors in county, local and district authorities across
 Kent and Medway
- Letters to all members and governors of:
 - East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trust
 - Medway NHS Foundation Trust
 - Medway and Swale Integrated Care Partnership (ICP)
- Contacting people with protected characteristics who might be more likely to need vascular services, through organisations such as Kent Disability Forum
- Letter to and appearance at West Kent Stakeholder Engagement Action
 Group
- Updates and liaison with Kent and Medway NHS Joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee
- Updates and liaison with Kent County Council Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee
- Updates and liaison with Medway Health and Adult Social Care Overview and Scrutiny Committee
- Healthwatch Kent shared consultation information with the following community partnerships, groups and organisations:
 - Kent Community Health NHS Foundation Trust's Trans & Non-Binary Advisory Group
 - Kent and Medway Learning Disability Partnerships
 - Kent Physical Disability Forum
 - Kent Mental Health User Voice Network



NHS staff communications

Communication with NHS staff included:

- Email update to staff at EKHUFT and Medway Trusts from Kent and Medway vascular consultant network lead alerting colleagues to the published consultation
- Email update inviting vascular service staff members from both East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trust and Kent and Medway NHS Foundation Trust to attend an online event on Friday 18 February 2022 The Event presentation is available in Appendix 9.
- Medway NHS Foundation Trust chief executive video message to all staff
- Updates and information to Kent and Medway Local Maternity Service
- Updates and information to Kent and Medway Wheelchair Services
- Updates and information to South East Coast Ambulance Service
- Updates and information to Kent Community NHS Foundation Trust
- Updates and information to British Chiropody and Podiatry Association South
 East
- The consultation was promoted in the GP Bulletin to all GP Practices



Process and methodology

NHSEI and Kent and Medway CCG developed the process and methodology for the consultation across a range of data sources as outlined below. NHS South Central and West Commissioning Support Unit (SCW) supported the consultation questionnaire delivery, online consultation platform, public engagement events and consultation response analysis.

Data sources

A range of consultation opportunities were available to patients and the public over a six-week period (1 February to 15 March 2022). The data sources for the feedback received are outlined below.

Consultation survey

SCW supported commissioners NHSEI and Kent and Medway CCG to design a consultation questionnaire which was available online and in print at various health and care settings across Kent and Medway. Respondents were invited to submit their answers online or by post. Consultation managers were also available to record respondents' answers, comments and questions via a phone call if requested.

All consultation documents were hosted on a bespoke, <u>online engagement platform</u> *Join the Conversation*, and links to platform were included in all communications.

Translations of the consultation document and survey were available on request, along with large print, braille and audio. No requests were received. An easy read version of the document was also available via the consultation website and on request by phone and email. 30 people downloaded the easy read document.

The consultation survey included a range of qualitative and quantitative questions to enable patients, members of the public, NHS staff members and wider stakeholders to share their experience of vascular services and their thoughts and comments on the proposed changes.

The vascular services consultation website also included a function for people to share their experience of care in a brief message discussion box, as an alternative to completing the full survey questionnaire.



Patient and public consultation events

Four patient and public engagement events were held through February and March 2022. All were held online, via MS Teams, due to the continued risk around covid and gathering in large numbers.

Members of the public were invited to sign up for the events via the Vascular Services consultation website (Join the Conversation).

Each event was chaired by a senior representative from one of the commissioning organisations, NHSEI and Kent & Medway CCG.

24 patients, professionals and members of the public attended the events to share their views and increase their understanding of the proposed changes.

See Appendix 10 for a copy of the presentation.

NHS staff engagement event

An NHS staff engagement event was held online for staff at both East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trust and Kent and Medway NHS Foundation Trust on Friday 18 February 2022.

The event was independently chaired and recorded by specialist consultants from SCW.

The event was held online, via Webex, and introduced by Dr Alison Davis, chief medical officer, Medway NHS Foundation Trust and the proposals outlined by Dr Jonathan Purday, Kent and Medway consultant anaesthetist and vascular network lead and Mr Lal Senaratne, vascular surgical lead, East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trust.

See Appendix 9 for a copy of the presentation.

Additional engagement events, community meetings and interviews

NHS commissioning partners shared the consultation with more than 70 community organisations across Kent and Medway (see full list organisations in Appendix 8) and attended a range of community partnership events and meetings.

As part of the Involving Medway programme 11 one-to-one interviews were carried out with service users and two focus groups were held in community setting - aimed at reaching less listened to communities.



Data analysis and report structure

This report is divided into broad sections which align with key themes raised in responses to the consultation.

Each section starts by examining the consultation survey responses. Responses are analysed quantitatively and illustrated by tables or charts. Open ended verbatim questions (i.e. with no predefined responses) have been coded, with responses grouped together and shown as number of comments. Due to this consultation largely being undertaken via self-completion, the base size (that is the number of valid responses to each question) will vary as not every respondent answered every question; the base size can be found at the bottom of each chart/table.

Sub-group analysis has been undertaken by examining differences in survey responses from the capacity in which someone was responding:

- I am a patient currently using the service, I am a patient that has recently
 used the service (in the last 5 years), I am responding on behalf of someone
 else that has used the service (in the last 5 years), I am responding on behalf
 of someone who is currently using the service
- I am an NHS Member of staff
- I work in local government/Social Care, I work for an organisation that represents patients, Other

Where sub-group analysis has been performed, findings and commentary on any statistically significant differences follow the initial survey findings commentary.

We also sought views on people's current experiences of the service, this data has been captured and will be fed into our existing service improvement processes and does not form part of the formal consultation process.



Key Findings

In total, 255 people responded to the consultation through the survey. 174 responses were online, and 81 paper responses were returned in the post.

In addition, meetings were held with community groups and community health researchers carried out 11 one-to-one interviews and 2 focus groups targeting less listened to communities.

This section provides a detailed analysis of all responses. We have provided an overarching summary of the key themes through all the channels used in the consultation. This can be found in the executive summary. Below provides the indepth analysis of all the responses received.

Survey responses

The demographics of respondents to the survey is shown in Appendix 11.

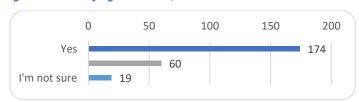
Your views on our proposal

Our proposal is for a medium term vascular inpatient centre to be created at the Kent and Canterbury Hospital in Canterbury where all vascular surgery requiring a stay in hospital would be provided. This means that patients who would have had inpatient surgery at Medway Maritime Hospital would now receive their surgery at Kent and Canterbury Hospital.

1. Do you (or the person you are responding on behalf of) agree with this proposal for patients?

253 people responded to this question, and of those 174 agreed with the proposal that all vascular surgery requiring a stay in hospital will be provided as a medium-term measure at Kent and Canterbury Hospital in Canterbury. 60 people did not agree with the proposal and 19 people were unsure.

Figure 2: Level of agreement Q8





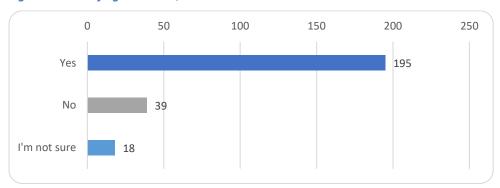
Source: Consultation survey 2022 Base: 255 (2 skipped)

Our proposal is for a medium term vascular inpatient centre to be created at Kent and Canterbury Hospital in Canterbury where all vascular surgery requiring a stay in hospital would be provided. This would mean vascular hospital staff would work across multiple hospitals as one team.

2. Do you (or the person you are responding on behalf of) agree with this proposal for vascular staff working as one team across multiple hospital sites?

252 people responded to this question. 195 agreed to the proposal for vascular staff working as one team across multiple hospital sites. 39 disagreed with the proposal and 18 were unsure.

Figure 3: Level of agreement Q9



SCW

Source: Consultation survey 2022 Base: 255 (3 skipped)

3. Please let us know the main reason(s) for your answers above:

158 people responded to the online survey and we have analysed their responses into themes by subcategory of **Type of Respondent**.

Responses from patients or people responding on behalf of patient:

68 of the 158 responses received were from people who are either currently using the service or have used the services in the last 5 years, and/or those individuals that responded on behalf of these patients. The themes raised in their comments were:



Centre of excellence

Overall people agreed with the proposal to the centralisation of the service stating that it would provide improved continuity and quality of care, as well as the greater sharing of knowledge and skills amongst professionals.

"Concentrating resources into one centre should help increase quality and provide better care"

There were a small number of comments that patients might lose expertise available from hospitals in London, and that recruitment of experts into Kent might prove challenging.

People noted that the satellite hospitals would become de-skilled and that patients might potentially lose out as staff skills would be concentrated in Canterbury. Equally there were comments recognising the value of a larger team seeing more patients and providing better informed care.

People felt that staff would be able to work across multiple locations with the support of technology and communications.

"Just because staff work at different units, I don't see, in this day age of instant comms and computerised systems etc, why all cannot work as a single team, simply because of location(s). This has been more than aptly proven as a fact during the last few years in the Pandemic...!"

There was recognition that having one team would mean that patients would get to know their team and have improved quality of care, as well as drawing on a team of specialist staff.

"Having a dedicated vascular team (and interventional radiologists I assume?) working together, sharing best practice for Kent patients can only be positive"



Travel and Transport

Most of the responses from patients and those responding on behalf of patients related to concerns around travel and transport. People felt that it was too far to travel both for patients as well as friends and family visiting. People mentioned travel times of around an hour to get to Canterbury with varying access to bus routes. People were concerned at the cost involved in travelling to Canterbury and the impact on the elderly travelling outside of their local area. People felt that without a car, it would be difficult to get to Canterbury in an emergency. There were also concerns about the availability of parking at the Canterbury Hospital site and the cost of parking.

"Patients in their 80s with co-morbidities should have access to local inpatient care.

Especially important when dementia is a factor. These proposals do not only affect patients but families who will be expected to travel (eg Medway to Canterbury) 60 miles to support / visit their loved ones"

"Can't get there as a patient or visitors. Too far away"

Equally some patients felt that the proposals would mean less travelling for services, as services would be in one location. There were some comments about a lack of ambulance provision to move patients around the county, and that the cost of travelling would ultimately fall to the patient. Some people noted that for those local to Canterbury these proposals would be good.

Location of Services

Some comments were received about the infrastructure of the Canterbury Hospital site, people felt that parking and access was congested and that there had been little investment into the hospital buildings.

"Kent & Canterbury hospital is not equipped to deal with adverse outcomes adequately.

It's a hospital where very limited investment has been made in building and

infrastructure"



People also felt that Canterbury was not the best location for services, as staff would not travel to be there, and as a result the NHS might lose specialist staff.

"Surely just one vascular centre should be sited nearer to the centre of Kent in order that no-one has extreme travelling"

There were comments that people need services local to their home, to receive rehabilitation care and outpatient appointments.

Disinvestment of Services

A small number of patients and those responding on behalf of patients stated that moving inpatient vascular surgery to Canterbury would be a loss of service from their local community. Concerns that this loss of service was in addition to the loss Stroke Services, specifically from QEQM.

"Local stroke unit already lost from QEQM need to lose any more. Happy for surgeons to share hospitals when complex surgery and hospital stays required but NOT just in one place"

Responses from NHS staff

42 responses were received were from NHS staff, and the comments and themes raised were:

Centre of Excellence

The main theme from staff was recognising the need to centralise the services for inpatient vascular surgery. Staff comments included understanding of the scientific rationale, the importance of critical mass and the co-dependencies required to support the service. Staff said that the centralisation of the service would provide a better experience for the patient with improved outcomes.

"Best outcomes for patients based on the evidence"



Staff felt that these proposals would improve staff training and skillsets, and in turn this would improve recruitment to services.

Staff felt that this proposal would provide more joined up care and specifically stated that this would improve other services such as stroke, thrombectomy and renal services.

"Improved standards of care from centralising expertise as has been shown in other areas such as trauma. It also Locates vascular with the haemophilia and thrombosis service for Kent which is located in Canterbury"

There was some recognition however, that the proposal did not go far enough to support other services such as tissue viability services and that a lack of emergency department at Canterbury, may be a risk. Some comments noted that there would need to further support from cardiothoracic services to ensure patient safety.

"Kent and Canterbury has renal, vascular, urology and interventional radiology - all four very integrated service you need together for best outcome. Only one component is missing is presence of A&E. Though its not ideal, I guess Canterbury would be the preferred site in my view for this reason for state of art inpatient care"

Travel and Transport

The second main theme from staff related to the travel times to Canterbury, and the impact on both staff and the patient. Specifically, there was concern raised about Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm (AAA) patients and the distance required to travel.

"It makes sense for specialised vascular surgeons / theatres to be located in a central hospital but traveling between sites can be very time consuming as a large area and would need to be managed well"



"I feel this will have a negative effect on patients having to travel longer distances to obtain treatment. Having an inpatient stay further away from home will also have a negative effect on not only the patient but their support network. I feel only having a vascular service at one hub will leave Medway whom is staffed with skilled specialised individuals along with having the appropriate equipment to do this useless"

Responses from people working in local government/social care, and organisations that represents patients or those that selected 'other'

48 responses were received, and the main themes were:

Centre of excellence

Comments noted that the proposals would improve knowledge sharing amongst staff and the duplication of equipment and resources. This would improve efficiency of services. There was recognition of the improved economies of scale, both financially and within the workforce. People felt that the proposal would improve the quality and standard of care, improving staff expertise.

"Much better to develop a centre of excellence. Faster, safer care"

"Efficient way to allow everyone in the area fair access to the most knowledgeable and highly skilled professionals"

There were, however, a small number of comments about the implications for Medway Hospital and whether these proposals would lead to the downgrade of the services there.

Travel and Transport

Again, people were concern about the implication of travel times to Canterbury, and the impact on the patient and their families. The concerns raised echoed those heard from patients themselves and NHS staff.



"The patient should come first at all times and if they or their visitors have to travel a long distance this could cause great stress and Canterbury is a long distance to travel"

69 people responded by paper survey; the themes are highlighted below:

Centre of excellence

Most respondents felt that a centre of excellence would deliver better outcomes for patients and ensure best possible skills, expertise and levels and continuity of care. Many respondents cited the potential benefit of a highly skilled, single team working more effectively together to support patients across the region, with some people suggesting it was logical, made sense and would deliver greater efficiency. Other comments referred to opportunities to increase expertise and share best practice.

One respondent noted that since it's not possible to have every specialism in every location, a central service is the next best option. One respondent was concerned that proposals were politically motivated and driven by cost cutting, and whilst they were reasonable in theory, they were concerned it could be dysfunctional in practice.

"To work as one team would be better and more efficient"

"It makes sense to have all vascular clinicians working in the one centre"

"If I want to get fixed I am willing to go wherever the specialist may be. As long as this arrangement works it can only make the service better"

"It is much safer to have a dedicated unit in one place, giving very specialised treatment"

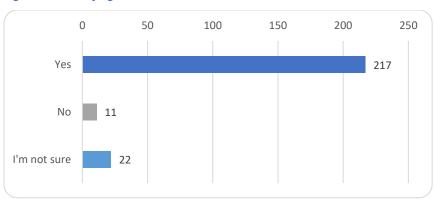


Outpatient clinics and diagnostic investigations (e.g. tests and scans) would continue to be provided at:

- William Harvey Hospital in Ashford
- Kent and Canterbury Hospital in Canterbury
- Medway Maritime Hospital in Gillingham
- Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother Hospital in Margate
- Maidstone Hospital
- **4.** This means there would be no change to services at these hospitals as they currently are do you (or the person you are responding on behalf of) agree with this?

250 people answered this question. 217 agreed that there would be no change to services at the hospitals listed above. 11 disagreed and 22 were unsure.

Figure 4: Level of agreement Q11



SCW

Source: Consultation survey 2022 Base: 255 (5 skipped)

5. Please let us know the main reason(s) for your answer above: 136 people responded to the online survey, and we have analysed their responses into themes by subcategory of Type of Respondent. 38 skipped this question. Of those that responded, 62 responses were from patients who were currently using the service or had previously used the service or someone responding on behalf of a patient. The patient or representative feedback was as follows:



Overall patients agreed with keeping outpatient clinics and diagnostics at local hospitals, and comments emphasised the need for local services. Some comments indicated that people had not fully understood the proposals, suggesting that they may be required to travel to any one of these hospitals for their care. As such there were several comments relating to continuity of care, and the importance of seeing clinicians in a consistent location.

"Local services for people"

"I am happy that the service will accessible in multiple locations and having the choice for us to go to the nearest one"

Travel

Travel remained a strong theme reflecting earlier comments, about ease of access to get to local hospitals, and the distance required to get to Canterbury. People were concerned about the travel times and cost to get to appointments and welcomed that services would remain local.

"Important for travel reduces costs and stress"

"Convenient location closer to home less travelling"

"Patients are used to this arrangement, and for those that find traveling difficult a change in venue may cause them anxiety"

Responses from staff

31 responses were received from NHS Staff, and the key themes were:

Overall staff agreed with this proposal, stating that a hub and spoke model would work better for patients with access local services closer to their home.

Comments included that this would encourage better attendance, improve patient choice, and include less travel for patients.



"Kent has wide geographic area and hence would benefit from outpatient services closer to their home for patients in Kent. I am sure they would rather travel little distance away if it means better outcome (rather than travelling to London I guess)"

Staff felt that local service would help spread the workload across the geographical area of Kent if there was a team approach of working with the centralised inpatient services.

"Provided that the team approach is holistic and linked in with management at the new centres"

Responses from people working in local government/social care, and organisations that represents patients or those that selected 'other'

43 responses were received, and overall people agreed that outpatient clinics and diagnostic investigations (e.g. tests and scans) should continue to be provided at local hospitals. People felt that this would provide less travel for patients, easier access to services and would keep services local.

"Sensible to do diagnosis locally to patient leaving treatment to a central specialised team"

"Importance of having services such as outpatient as close to peoples homes as possible.

Numerous outpatient visits a long way from home would not be helpful"

There were less than five comments that responded negatively to this, citing that they wanted services to be even more local than the hospitals listed, that they felt there was insufficient information in the consultation document for them to respond to the question, or that they felt that they didn't have a response to provide.



49 people responded by paper survey and 32 skipped this question.

Of those who agreed with the proposed changes to services, reasons given included better care, nearer to their home, less travel, retention of staff and best practice. Several also expressed support for retaining routine and diagnostic services at local hospitals, meaning patients would retain the services they are used to and not have to deal with changes to location for most appointments. Of the two respondents who disagreed with the proposal one said they would prefer services at each hospital, whilst the other cited good continuation of staff and procedures being of utmost importance.

"Don't waste money changing things that don't need to be changed"

"Good continuation of staff and procedures of utmost importance"

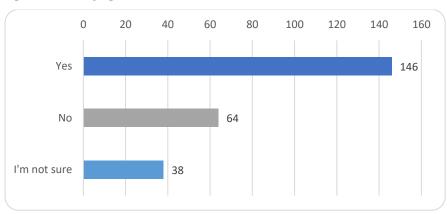
"Major vascular surgery requiring inpatient care and ITU provision must be centred on one site"

Day surgery and rehabilitation would continue to take place at Medway Maritime Hospital in Gillingham. Inpatient surgery would move to Kent and Canterbury Hospital.

- **6.** This means there would be some change to services at they currently are do you (or the person you are responding on behalf of) agree with this?
 - 248 people responded to this question, 146 agreed that there would be some changes to services, 64 disagreed and 38 were unsure.



Figure 5: Level of agreement Q13



SCW

Source: Consultation survey 2022 Base: 255 (7 skipped)

7. Please let us know the main reason(s) for your answer above:
131 people responded to the online survey and we have analysed their responses into themes by subcategory of Type of Respondent.

Responses from patients who were currently using the service or had previously used the service or someone responding on behalf of a patient.

59 responses were from patients who were currently using the service or had previously used the service or someone responding on behalf of a patient. 24 comments were received from those that agreed that there would be some changes to services. They agreed with this proposal because they felt that it makes sense to have specialist care in one centre. They felt that the proposals would improve facilities and resources and that the specialist centre would provide the best care. People felt that having expert care in one place was a good solution.

"Change is necessary to develop the best in people and in services"

"When specialist intervention is required there will be a complete team available 24/7"

There were 37 comments from patients who were currently using the service or had previously used the service, or someone responding on behalf of a



patient, that disagreed there would be some change to services. The comments mostly related to travel, and the travel time and distance to Canterbury Hospital.

"Kent and Canterbury Hospital is not readily accessible by public transport for patients living in mid Kent. As your previous "listening exercises" have overwhelmingly identified patients are prepared to travel to get the best in house services. They want routine day surgery and rehabilitation to take place at locations they can readily reach"

There were concerns about the reliance on the ambulance service to transport patients to Canterbury, and the people said that they would prefer to go to their local hospital. There were also comments about the proposals being a downgrade of services at Medway Maritime Hospital, and whether consideration could be given to improving services instead and providing two centres of excellence.

"Services should be improved at Medway to accommodate overnight stay surgery"

"needs to be two major centres for a large ageing population such as we have in Kent.

Just not enough services for the population. Isn't vascular disease increasing?"

A small number of patients who were currently using the service or had previously used the service or someone responding on behalf of a patient were unsure about the proposal, this was due to travel times and because people felt that the proposals may or may not affect patients disproportionately depending on where they live.

"This arrangement will suit some people, according to where they live. Travel can be difficult for various reasons and may prevent patients from attending their appointments.

I can see the benefits of the change"



Responses from NHS staff

20 comments were received from NHS staff that agreed that there would be some change to services as they currently are. People felt that the proposals would bring better patient care and outcomes with a concentration of specialist staff delivering the most complex surgery.

"Patients requiring specialist surgery would be treated by specialists in Kent"

There were comments that they agreed that rehabilitation would remain in local hospitals and that this would mean less travelling for patients.

For those staff that disagreed with the proposal, they were concerned about the repatriation of patients to local hospitals and specifically the impact on Medway Maritime Hospital to deliver services.

"Potential with delays for patients being repatriated to Medway for their rehabilitation, which could increase length of stay and worsen functional outcomes. Lack of continuity of care for patients"

"Disadvantage Medway patients for in-patient work"

Responses from people working in local government/social care, and organisations that represents patients or those that selected 'other'

24 comments were received from individuals that agreed that there would be some change to services as they currently are. For some people they agreed because they felt that the changes would not directly affect them, and for others they agreed because they felt that having a centre of excellence would provide the best service. They also agreed that local hospitals should deliver rehabilitation and day surgery.



"Again day procedures can be handled realistically locally with really specialised treatment being done by specialists, who see a large number of patients regularly and hence have high skill levels"

22 comments were received from people who disagreed, the main reason given was travel and the distance for patients and their families to get to Canterbury Hospital. People also felt that this was a downgrade of service at Medway Maritime Hospital and as such would not agree to the proposal.

"Too far for patients and their carers / relatives to travel from Medway"

"Reduction in available services in the county"

47 people responded by paper survey and 34 people skipped the question.

Most people who agreed with the proposal referred again to the specialist care, high skill level amongst staff in a centre of excellence and meeting national standards.

Travel was referred to by several respondents, with some saying it would mean less travel, which they welcomed, and others saying it would mean further to go for specialist treatment. Long travel times for elderly and disabled patients or those without family and friends to transport them was highlighted as a negative impact of the proposals, even if traveling by ambulance, according to one respondent.

The respondent who disagreed with the proposal said they would prefer inpatient surgery and rehabilitation to be offered at the same hospital.



"Change is sometimes better to provide a safer service"

"Expertise and specialists under once (sic) roof and all working together for the good of the patient"

"I would be happier having a hospital that has more expertise in this field"

"I would prefer that inpatient surgery and rehabilitation be at the same hospital"

"Too far away"

8. Please indicate how much you (or the person you are responding on behalf of) agree or disagree with the following statements:

Statement: The proposed vascular inpatient centre would be able to meet the national standards with a combined catchment of 1.1m people

250 people responded to this question. 165 either strongly agreed or agreed with this statement that **the proposed vascular inpatient centre would be able to meet the national standards with a combined catchment of 1.1m people.** 43 strongly disagreed or disagreed with the statement and 17 neither agreed nor disagreed. 25 were unsure or did not know.

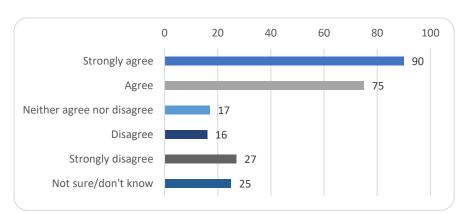


Figure 6: Level of agreement Q15, statement 1

scw

Source: Consultation survey 2022 Base: 255 (5 skipped)

Statement: The proposed vascular inpatient centre would help in making the centre more attractive to potential new staff



247 people responded to the statement that the proposed vascular inpatient centre would help in making the centre more attractive to potential new staff.

159 either strongly agreed or agreed with this statement. 42 strongly disagreed or disagreed and 22 neither agreed nor disagreed. 24 were unsure or did not know.

O 20 40 60 80 100

Strongly agree
Agree
Neither agree nor disagree
Disagree
Strongly disagree
Not sure/don't know
24

Figure 7: Level of agreement Q15, statement 2

SCW

Source: Consultation survey 2022 Base: 255 (8 skipped)

Quality of service

We would like to ensure that these proposals mean that patients have a good, high-quality experience of all the services required for their care.

These proposals mean that around 265 patients would be affected by these changes in a year – mainly from the Medway area and from Maidstone. After listening to patient and public views over the past 6 years we have tried to ensure the changes have as little impact as possible.

9. When thinking about vascular services please rank each of the statements to show which is most important to you (or the person you are responding on behalf of) from 1 to 7 (with 1 being the most important and 7 the least) 172 people responded to this question online. The chart below shows the overall online responses and that the most important statement was being seen by a specialist team, available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The least important was being given information about your illness that is easy to understand.



Being seen by a specialist team, available 24 hours a day, 7 2.28 days a week Knowing the place, you are being treated has good patient 3.2 outcomes/success rates (in line with national standards) The level of expertise of people treating you is of a high 3.29 standard due to the large number of patients they see each... Ease of getting to and from your hospital appointment 4.24 Knowing that your vascular specialist can work closely with other relevant specialist doctors, such as kidney and major... Being treated in a place that is close to where you live so 5.03 friends/family can visit Being given information about your illness that is easy to 5.46 understand Other 6.06

Figure 8: Prioritisation of importance Q16 (online responses)



Source: Consultation survey 2022 Base: 174 (2 skipped)

For patients who were currently using the service or had previously used the service or someone responding on behalf of a patient the top three important statements were:

- Being seen by a specialist team, available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week
- Knowing the place, you are being treated has good patient outcomes/success rates (in line with national standards)
- Ease of getting to and from your hospital appointment

For both NHS staff and people working in local government/social care, and organisations that represents patients or those that selected 'other' prioritised the following top three statements as most important:

- Being seen by a specialist team, available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week
- The level of expertise of people treating you is of a high standard due to the large number of patients they see each year



 Knowing the place, you are being treated has good patient outcomes/success rates (in line with national standards)

Patients who were currently using the service or had previously used the service or someone responding on behalf of a patient, placed a greater importance on knowing the place, you are being treated has good patient outcomes/success rates (in line with national standards) and ease of getting to and from your hospital appointment which reflects the comments already made around travel and transport.

The chart below, shows the response received from the 55 people that responded in paper format we had five submissions were the response had been spoiled as they selected every option as most important option. This should be considered when reviewing the results below.



Figure 9: Prioritisation of importance Q16 (paper survey responses)

SCW

Source: Consultation survey 2022 Base: 81 (26 skipped)

The results reflected those received from people who responded online.



10. If you included 'Other' in the list above, please provide your views here:

For those that responded to the online survey, comments received were critical of the ranking question and felt that it was prioritised in favour of the consultations preferred outcome. Several people also took the opportunity to raise individual concerns about the quality of patient care that they had received. A small number of comments felt that all the statements are a priority and as such the question should not have been asked.

A small number of alternative options were suggested, including free parking, continuity of care, local diagnostic testing, emergency access, treatment updates and patient capacity in hospitals.

There were few 'Other' comments from those that responded by paper survey.

Some people ticked all the statements which could suggest they felt all were important considerations or that, as for the online survey, they were not happy with the statement options about the quality of service.

"I am concerned about the availability of public transport from Marsden to Canterbury and the cost to St Thomas's."

- 11. After reading our proposal do you (or the person you are responding on behalf of) feel we have done enough to minimise the following concerns?249 people responded to this question either through the online survey or in paper format.
 - 116 agreed that we had done enough to minimise concerns about travel and transport, 79 disagreed and 54 did not know.
 - 164 people agreed that we had minimised concerns about providing the right after care as close to home as possible, 53 disagreed and 31 did not know.
 - 156 people agreed that we had done enough to minimise concerns about continuing to work with patients and the public to ensure



the proposed changes fit with local future NHS plans, 41 disagreed and 46 did not know.

Overall people felt that we had minimised their concerns in all areas.

12. Please let us know any reason(s) for your answers above:

80 responses to the online survey and we have analysed their responses into themes by subcategory of Whether they agreed or disagreed with the statements in Q18.

For those that did not agree with the statements above, 55 comments were received and most related to whether we had done enough to minimise concerns about **travel and transport**. People remained concerned about the accessibility of Canterbury Hospital, by car and public transport. The distance and time involved to travel and whether the ambulance service is available for transfers. There was also concern about the cost to the patient in travelling further for inpatient care and the impact that additional travelling will have on a patient's mental and physical wellbeing. There was also concern that families would find it difficult as well to get to Canterbury, which would also have an impact on the patient. Some people felt that there was insufficient information provided about transport options, including the eligibility criteria for non-emergency patient transport, or the public transport routes available to Canterbury, meaning they felt uninformed.

"We are not told if public transport will be available."

"Travel's a problem for many and from what I read in the consultation document the transport provided for those unable to use private transport, or to afford public transport NHS transport isn't fully explained. (I have used NHS transport over a short distance and wouldn't relish a trip from Medway to Canterbury."

Some responses indicated that people felt that they did not have sufficient information about the future for vascular surgery to comment further, and for others, they wanted services to remain as they currently are. There were also



comments about the consultation process, people felt that the decision had already been made.

"concerned about the validity of the evidence, and how a decision seems to have been made, and then responses to options slanted to achieve your required result"

44 people responded by paper survey. Consistent with the lower scores on traffic and transport most supplementary comments were on this topic. Availability of transport was raised in terms of parking at the hospital and could assistance be given for travel costs. The idea of providing hospital transport was positively received. There were positive comments on the location of Medway Maritime hospital.

"Parking is a huge problem at KCH even with a blue badge"

13. Is there anything else we should consider in terms of travel and transport arrangements for both patients and visitors?93 people responded to the online survey and we have analysed their responses into themes by subcategory of Type of respondent.

Responses from patients who were currently using the service or had previously used the service or someone responding on behalf of a patient.

44 comments were received, the main themes raised were:

Travel and Transport —people felt that further work could be done to understand the travel and transport options for patients travelling to Canterbury. Suggestions included improved understanding of public transport routes, assistance to travel, such as volunteer car drivers, hospital transport services, hospital car collection, priority parking for taxis. In addition, people also raised concerns about the cost of travel and parking, and whether further work could be undertaken to understand the impact of these on patients impacted by these proposals.



Local – a small number of people felt that keeping services local would be better for patients and upgrading existing services to provide improved care.

Responses from staff

42 comments were received, the main themes raised were:

Centre of excellence – staff recognised the importance of having expertise at Canterbury and welcomed the co-location of other interdependent services such as renal and the Primary Percutaneous Coronary Intervention (PCI) centre at Ashford. Staff commented that the service would provide patients with improved outcomes and better care and that it is a much-needed service. Staff commented that the evidence supports a centre of excellence, leading to improved resourcing and utilisation of the workforce. Staff also commented that the proposals would benefit recruitment and retention within the workforce.

A small number of comments related to:

- concerns about travelling times for patients
- lack of A&E at Canterbury Hospital

Overall comments were supportive of the proposals.

Responses from people working in local government/social care, and organisations that represents patients or those that selected 'other'

31 comments were received, the main themes raised were:

Overall, the comments reflected those received by patients, suggesting that further work to understand the impact of travel on patients is required.

A small number of comments also related to patient choice and that consideration should be given to patient choice in these proposals.

44 people responded by paper survey.

The main themes raised again were associated with travel. Affordable or free parking at hospitals if people need to drive with plenty of disabled access. The possibility of free hospital transport was raised again.

There were two comments stating how important it was to have these services locally.



"Use of patient transport services and advise patients of alternatives like the British Red Cross patient transport service or volunteers"

"That there be a strong commitment to avoiding sending patients to the other side of the county for inpatient procedures. The connections of family and friends at these times is vital. As an ex-nurse I have seen this first hand"

- 14. When thinking about the proposals, do you (or the person you are responding on behalf of) agree or disagree with the following statements (in bold): In total 253 people answered this question across both the online and paper version of the survey.
 - 194 people answered yes that they understand the need for change,
 44 disagreed and 15 did not know.
 - 108 people felt **confident their views will be listened to**, 62 did not and 58 did not know.
 - 56 people had other concerns about the proposals, 147 did not and 33 did not know.
- 15. If you answered yes to the last point, please explain further below:
 37 comments were received to the online survey, due to the small number of responses to this question we have not split the themes into categories of respondent. The main themes were:

Trauma/A&E – people were concerned that the inpatient vascular services should be co-located with a Trauma service/A&E. There was also concern about vascular trauma patients requiring inpatient services and how they would be managed at different hospital sites.

Transport – comments about the impact of travel on patients were received. Comments reflected those made throughout the consultation.

Investment – some comments suggested that there should be further investment in other hospital sites, rather than centralising services in one location.



Future service provision – a small number of comments related to concerns that the creation of the centre of excellence would lead to further reductions in service provision in the county. Assurance that this would not set a precedence for service reduction was requested.

27 people responded by paper survey but due to the small number of responses to this question we have not split by themes or categories of respondent. The main comments were around the Understand the need for change questions.

Three responded saying they understood change was needed due to increase demand for service and done for the right reasons if health improves.

Additionally, two people felt that while change may be needed, care was very good already across Kent and Medway.

There were some sceptical comments about whether the consultation was required as services were not currently meeting targets. Two responses worried how the money would be spent:

"How can you be certain this will work sitting behind a desk and not on the frontline"

"How will we know whether we have been listened to?"

16. Is there anything else we should consider in our design and delivery of vascular services in Kent?

75 comments were received from people that responded to the online survey which ranged from stating they had nothing further to add and others that welcomed the proposals. There were some further comments with suggestions for consideration:

- Travel and Transport, consideration to volunteer transport services or mileage allowances, financial implications of travel,
- Accessibility consideration for people who are disabled and how they will access services



- Additional service provision commission specialist amputee rehabilitation, tissue viability nurses, online social media forum for vascular support,
- No change a small number of comments stated that they wanted services to remain as they are and for no change to happen.

10 people responded by paper survey with some further suggestions for consideration. Two comments praised health services in Kent. There were two comments around prevention and referral and one comment that could suggest more digital transformation will help.



Events and meetings

Public Consultation Events

Four consultation events were held and the questions asked in the event were:

- What factors are important to you in the service and care you receive both in and out of hospital?
- Is there anything we need to consider in terms of travel and transport arrangements for both patients and visitors?
- Is there anything else you would like to tell us about vascular services?

Below is a summary of the comments and themes raised in across all four of the events.

Care pathways

Professional attendees working in the vascular service raised points about pathways of care, particularly for acute and emergency patients, stressing the need for clear lines of communication and referral, which commissioners stated would be worked out in detail in partnership with vascular service staff, based on live data and clearly coordinated in practice. The consultant vascular surgeon also stated that protocols would be developed with the ambulance trust to set out criteria, particularly around emergency admissions. He added that under those protocols, a patient with a suspected aneurism, for example, would be directed straight to the hub, which could well be faster than being triaged through A&E. One participant expressed concern about the ability of 999 responders to diagnose vascular conditions appropriately. They were advised that under the proposed new process, experienced, well trained ambulance staff would take the patient direct to the hub.

A question was asked about whether and where screening for vascular conditions would continue and commissioners advised that routine screening would continue at local hospitals, using GP practice registrations, and include regular awareness-raising campaigns.

Centre of excellence / centralisation

There was broad support from most participants for a centre of excellence to ensure that Kent and Medway are served by highly skilled professionals in vascular treatment and care. Several attendees stated that they felt reassured by the



discussion and detail offered through the session, particularly in relation to patients requiring emergency care and admission.

Attracting and retaining skilled, qualified and experience staff was also discussed, with most participants acknowledging that a centre of excellence supporting other local services would help to ensure Kent and Medway area is served by the best qualified and most experienced vascular consultants, surgeons and nurses who are likely to see working in a centre of excellence as beneficial for their career.

Whilst some participants expressed concern about increased travel distances and times, they were reassured that most services will still be available in their local hospital. Only surgery or treatment requiring an overnight stay in hospital would move to Kent and Canterbury hospital.

A question over continuity of care and professionals was raised by one patient who has built up a strong relationship with his vascular surgeon after multiple operations and many years of treatment. He was concerned that under the proposals he may not be able to continue to see the same surgeon. The vascular consultant stated that the proposal is for a single vascular team across the area and whilst the hospital location for treatment requiring an overnight stay may change, there was no reason to believe his surgeon would change because of the proposal.

Hospital discharges and transfers

One participant raised a question about whether there would be a risk of increased delayed discharges if patients have travelled further for surgery, particularly patients with additional and ongoing support requirements such as amputees. Another patient shared their experience of discharge procedure taking longer than they would have liked, since they were well enough to return home sooner. The vascular surgery network lead stated that follow up and rehabilitation would still be carried out at patients' local hospitals following discharge. He also pointed out that since Kent and Canterbury Hospital does not have an A&E department, it doesn't have the same level of pressure on beds as some of the other acute hospitals in the region.

Capacity and waiting times

Some participants asked whether the proposed centralised service would improve or at least maintain current waiting times for treatment and whether capacity would be



increased under the proposals. Commissioners stated that they expect to see improvements in waiting times almost immediately, with additional capacity at Kent and Canterbury Hospital and maintain current capacity at all other hospitals carrying out routine and outpatient care. The vascular consultant reiterated plans for service improvements under the proposed centralised model which they expected to deliver greater efficiencies. He also stated that the vascular team at Kent and Canterbury has fast turnaround rates for admitting patients into theatre, which they would expect to continue under the new proposals.

Patient outcomes

A point was made about whether current patient outcomes would be expected to be maintained or improved. Commissioners stated that the proposal involved an increase in the number of vascular surgeons per population to bring it in line with the best vascular care units in the country, pointing out that larger centre have the best outcomes, which is the expectation of the proposals for Kent and Medway.

Travel and transport

Requests were made for planning and consideration around travel times, based on accurate, contemporary data. Concern was expressed about travel time in an emergency and reassurance was given that acute, emergency cases would be transported to the proposed centre of excellence in an ambulance and therefore travel times would be minimal, even in periods of high traffic.

Concern was also expressed about greater travel distances, times and costs for routine care and follow up. Commissioners and vascular service representatives reiterated that there are no proposed changes to routine care and outpatient appointments, which will continue to be delivered in local hospitals across Kent and Medway.

Commissioners undertook to carry out detailed analysis of travel times and public transport options for patients travelling to Kent and Canterbury Hospital for surgery requiring an overnight stay, particularly given planned changes to public transport and bus services in Kent, which are currently subject to consultation by the local authority.



Commissioners explained that the number of people affected by the proposed change, i.e. who will travel to Kent and Canterbury Hospital for surgery requiring an overnight stay, is estimated to be 265 per year. Of these, the majority – approximately 200 – would be transported by ambulance.

Commissioners also undertook to carry out a detailed review and mapping of Patient Transport Services and eligibility. A commitment was made to work closely with Kent County Council in relation to public transport options and funding including discussions of community transport services.

The vascular nurse stated that surgery appointment times could be booked for timeslots where patients had transport constraints or are relying on public transport e.g. not asking patients using public transport or travelling furthest to arrive before 10am. He also pointed out that they already endeavour to combine and coordinate appointments wherever possible to minimise individual hospital visits.

The vascular consultant added that where possible routine consultations can be carried out by phone and video call, reducing the need to travel to hospital.

Some concern was expressed in relation to accessibility for visitors to a centralised facility. However, a broadly equal number of participants felt this was not relevant to service planning, and that the focus should be on patient admissions and outcomes. Commissioners pointed out that the length of stay in hospital following vascular surgery has gone down dramatically in recent years so patients are not expected to spend a long time without seeing relatives. The vascular nurse added that they are flexible in their approach to visiting hours, particularly where they know families are struggling to visit at certain times of the day.

Patient Working Group

Participants were invited to register to take part in a Patient Working Group to support commissioners and the vascular team create and develop the service. Commissioners stated that this would include reviewing transport and public transport options and that the CCG will request the involvement of Kent County Council.



22 people who completed the consultation survey or took part in the public events expressed their interest in joining the Patient Working Group. Commissioners will contact them once plans have been agreed for its establishment and operation.

Public awareness

A small number of public participants said they were not sure that everyone living in the region knew that the vascular services consultation was taking place. Trust staff stated that all current vascular services patients would have received a letter informing them of the proposals and inviting them to take part in the consultation.

NHS Staff Event

As part of the consultation process an online staff engagement event was held for members of staff from both East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trust and Kent and Medway NHS Foundation Trust.

The following questions were used as open discussion points, though conversation was not limited to these alone:

- What do you think of:
 - working together as one vascular team across multiple hospitals?
 - o the proposal for a single inpatient vascular centre?
 - o the proposal to locate this at Kent and Canterbury Hospital?
- Do you think that a single vascular inpatient centre would:
 - o meet national standards with a combined catchment of 1.1 million?
 - o help in attracting potential new staff?
- Is there anything else that should be taken into consideration in the design and delivery of vascular services in Kent and Medway?

A summary of comments and themes is shown below:

Centre of excellence, centralisation and capacity

There was broad support for the centralisation of specialist services as the route to achieving the best outcomes for patients. Staff members also discussed points of detail outlined below, for consideration at the next stage of development.

The issue of capacity was raised by two staff members, both of whom stated that the lack of ring-fenced beds for patients transferred from elsewhere is an issue they face



currently. The request was made that data on patient transfers is collected and analysed to help inform plans at the next stage of development. The vascular surgery network lead pointed at that whilst beds cannot be ring-fenced, the fact that there is no A&E at the Kent and Canterbury Hospital means there is a greater chance of keeping beds available for vascular surgery patients. Kent and Canterbury Hospital's nursing lead added that she was confident they could discuss supporting vascular beds with the hospital site team at the appropriate stage of development of the plans.

Medway Trust's chief medical officer agreed that this data would be reviewed in detail, along with national data and evidence of best practice.

A member of the vascular surgical team added that there is a wealth of data showing how a centralised 'hub and spoke' model around a vascular centre of excellence is working effectively in other regions nationally and internationally. He pointed out that concerns re A&E referrals could be overcome with effective communication and training with colleagues in A&E. He pointed out this system already works effectively in relation to involving vascular surgeons in complex cancer cases such as at St Luke's Cancer Centre at Royal Surrey County Hospital in Guildford, and the regional vascular hub at Frimley Park, Surrey.

Various staff members commented that a vascular centre of excellence would likely help with the recruitment and retention of highly skilled and experienced staff. One surgical team member commented that he'd already had conversations with trainees in the region stating that they would be very keen to join a large, single centre unit.

Geography and location

Whilst there was broad support for a single, centralised service and centre of excellence, some staff members expressed concern about the region included, with one member of staff registering disappointment that Tunbridge Wells is not included in the proposed area.

Care pathways and patient transfers

Comments were shared around care pathways and staff resource and location to support the wider network of vascular services. The vascular surgical lead explained that a vascular surgeon at Medway would be available 5 days a week under the



proposal and in addition a vascular surgeon would be on call 7 days a week through the vascular hub in Canterbury. This support would be offered to all local hospitals carrying out day surgery including the William Harvey Hospital where such major surgery is undertaken by other specialities.

A question was asked about whether any debridement or amputations would still be carried out in local hospitals. The vascular surgical lead responded that some minor amputations and procedures would continue to be carried out locally, however detailed care pathways are still to be mapped out, in collaboration with staff members, depending on the outcome of the consultation. Medway's chief medical officer reiterated that detailed pathways were still to be planned and that they would look at solutions in place with other existing vascular networks across the country.

One staff member also raised the point of emergency transfers, particularly since Kent and Canterbury Hospital does not have an A&E department, and the vascular surgeons' on call rota. The vascular surgical lead pointed out that detailed pathways of care would be developed at the next stage, in collaboration with the service, and that a centralised service would help to build resilience on the team and reduce required level of on call days for surgeons across the team.

Another staff member pointed out that consideration will need to be made to referral process e.g. if a patient is referred by a GP to A&E at Medway, where it may take time to get a diagnosis to then be transferred again to the proposed vascular centre and Kent and Canterbury. The vascular surgical lead noted the point for consideration at the development stage and added that the vascular team at Kent and Canterbury already serve two hospitals (William Harvey Hospital and QEQM, Margate) where they liaise regularly with A&E consultants making referrals and patients are transferred by ambulance.

Additional comments were made about the need to consider and prepare process carefully as plans develop. For example, Medway Maritime Hospital currently deals with complex cancer cases five days a week and nephrectomies every day of the week. Careful consideration will need to be given to how these cases are managed centrally under the proposals. The same staff member also noted the need for interventional radiology support. The vascular surgical lead agreed careful discussion, consideration and planning would follow at the next stage of the planning



process, considering the different teams' and hospitals' specific requirements, including how ancillary services are covered and supported. The vascular network lead added that a centralised world class centre for vascular services could help in the recruitment and retention of additional interventional radiology consultants.

One team member raised a question about what provision has been made under the proposals for long stay patients, e.g. those undergoing rehabilitation after amputation, those with social and / or frailty issues etc.

Kent and Canterbury Hospital's nursing lead reassured colleagues that detailed planning would take place to review and develop rehabilitation pathways, in discussion with staff members.

Community Events

In addition to circulating details of and links to the online consultation to more than 70 community organisations across Kent and Medway, commissioners attended various community events and focus groups to raise awareness of the consultation.

Involving Medway community groups and trained community health researchers working with Medway Voluntary Action also carried out 11 interviews and two focus groups within local communities.

A summary of themes and responses from both the interviews and the events is outlined below:

Centre of excellence / centralisation

There was unanimous support for a vascular centre of excellence, with respondents outlining a range of benefits including enabling the best possible specialised treatment for patients, relieving pressure on other hospitals in the system and potentially reducing waiting times.

Pooling resources and expertise and ensuring the region is supported by specialists with the highest levels of skills and experience was supported by most respondents.

One focus group of six people also stated that the requirement for expensive specialist equipment also added to the rationale for a single centre of excellence. There was also recognition that a single centre would offer better training, career



opportunities and progression for specialist staff, helping to secure a highly skilled workforce.

Respondents whose family members were treated at London hospitals expressed strong support for a regional centre of excellence in Kent, due to travel and distance to London. One person stated that even under blue lights, travelling by road to Guy's Hospital London was a long way.

There was support for diagnostics to remain locally, as proposed, with one respondent noting that this is not available currently on the Isle of Sheppey or in Sittingbourne.

Several respondents expressed concern about the proposed location of the centre, stating that Canterbury is small, hard to get to quickly and has poor access by road. One suggested the location should be more central in Kent, whilst two others suggested Medway Maritime Hospital, which is their local hospital.

Travel and transport

Concern was expressed in relation to distance, particularly for patients, family members and visitors who don't have access to a car. Travel distances and costs were cited as a significant issue for people undergoing both routine appointments and planned surgical procedures.

Transport costs were also raised as an area of concern by several respondents and several respondents made a request to consider and include parking at any new centre for both patients and relatives.

Family visits were cited as important to many respondents who expressed concern about longer distances to travel. This was highlighted by one respondent who explained that her husband died during a surgical procedure carried out in London in February 2022. Due to the distance, the family were unable to see him immediately before the operation, for what turned out to be their last opportunity. They suggested that had his treatment been carried out locally they may have been able to be with him.

Several respondents stated their support for a centre of excellence in Kent to avoid travel to London hospitals for treatment or to visit relatives having treatment.



The need to ensure appointments are offered at times served by public transport was also raised by several respondents.

One respondent also raised a point about where the vascular centre would be located on the hospital site, suggesting it should be within easy walking distance of parking and / or transport.

"By having a specialised centre it ensures that we are being treated successfully with less pressure on the other hospitals. However, it is a bit far if the patient doesn't drive or the family are unable to get to the hospital"

Involving Medway interviewee

"The best knowledge and skills in this field are what's most important as this gives the best chance to get better. However, it is hard to send them off to London and not be able to visit them, especially the hours before a big procedure. I know they did everything they could for him, but he died during the procedure and it is very hard that I hadn't seen him before... if it had been happening locally we would have seen him for what, it turns out, was our last ever time with him."

Involving Medway interviewee whose husband was referred by Medway Maritime

Hospital to St Thomas' Hospital, London for TAVI treatment (replacement of a valve in

the heart)

"I think it's really important to have good research and education to improve services.

Good luck to all the team."

Involving Medway interviewee

"It's a very good idea to have this available locally but we need better access because traffic on roads means delay."

Involving Medway interviewee



Other responses

Letters were received from two local MPs (jointly) and a cabinet member for Ashford Borough Council. (See Appendix 12 and 13).

Kelly Tolhurst, Member of Parliament Rochester and Strood, and Rehman Chishti, Member of Parliament for Gillingham and Rainham welcomed the fact that under the proposals, vascular day services and rehabilitation will remain at Medway Maritime Hospital but expressed disappointment that their constituents will no longer have access locally to vascular inpatient services for patients requiring an overnight stay.

They expressed concern that Medway is not getting the focus, support, or investment it needs across a range of healthcare services and noted that a decision to move services away from Medway Maritime Hospital to Canterbury will mean that their constituents will have to travel further to receive specialist vascular services, which they argue is becoming increasingly difficult to justify with each service they lose.

Citing one element of the rationale for the proposed change outlined in the consultation document about lack of suitable space for a vascular centre at Medway Maritime Hospital, they argue for a new hospital for Medway, which they have begun to push for publicly and in Government.

Councillor Peter Feacey, cabinet portfolio holder for community safety and wellbeing wrote a letter of response to the consultation on behalf of Ashford Borough Council. He outlined the council's support for the ambition to create a vascular service of excellence for Kent and Medway that ensures the best outcomes and chances of survival for patients, and the aspiration to meet national standards. He also welcomed the proposal to retain outpatient clinics and diagnostic tests at the William Harvey Hospital (WHH) and noted that the number of patients affected by the proposed change is relatively small which would limit the impact.

He also outlined the council's aspiration for the centre to be ultimately located at the WHH, noting that these proposals are a medium-term solution. He added that the



Kent and Canterbury Hospital is not a major hospital (i.e it does not have A&E provision), which he described as a deviation from the national standard. He added that the location at William Harvey Hospital should be possible in the context of the wider East Kent (EK) hospital transformation programme and reiterated the council's support for the expansion of the William Harvey Hospital to meet the demands of a growing local and regional population.

"While it is welcome that vascular day service and rehabilitation will remain at Medway

Maritime, it is disappointing that we will be losing our vascular inpatient services for

patients requiring and overnight stay.

"It has long been the opinion of Medway MPs, Medway NHS Foundation Trust, and our constituents that a new hospital is needed for Medway, and we have begun to push for this both publicly and directly to the Government."

Kelly Tolhurst, MP for Rochester and Strood, Rehman Chishti, MP for Gillingham and Rainham

"We acknowledge and support the ambition to create a vascular services of excellence for Kent and Medway... The number of patients affected by the change is also relatively small...our inspiration is for the centre to be ultimately located within the William Harvey Hospital.

Our ambition is to support expansion of the WHH in order to meet the demands of our growing local population as well as meeting the needs of East Kent and beyond."

Councillor Peter Feacey, cabinet portfolio holder for community safety and wellbeing, Ashford Borough Council

Social Media Comments

More than 60 comments were received on Kent and Medway CCG's Facebook posts relating to the vascular services consultation.

Most comments on Kent and Medway CCG's Facebook page related to the location of the proposed vascular centre of excellence. A broadly equal number of users commented that Canterbury was the best location as opposed to those that said



Canterbury was too far to travel. Several users from Medway and North Kent expressed concern about travel distances. Some users expressed a desire for services to be kept at the hospital they had been treated.

Some stated that transport links were good in Canterbury, whereas others expressed concern about public transport access with one person suggesting the proposals may push more people to London for treatment. Parking at Kent and Canterbury was raised as an issue by several users.

Concern was expressed by one commentator who cited ambulance shortages in satellite areas of Kent and the need for more specialist paramedics. He said accepted the need for a vascular centre of excellence, but suggested it should be for stable, non-urgent cases only, adding that moving all specialist, overnight services to Canterbury were 'madness.' Another respondent noted that they had no family or car to get to Canterbury.

Whilst there was some support for a centre of excellence, there were also comments arguing the proposals are not a good idea. One user suggested knowledge and skills should be spread, rather concentrated in one place, whilst another suggested that Medway should keep its own services for local people. Several other comments referenced the loss of health services in Medway in recent years. Of those who supported the proposals for a single centre, access to best possible treatment, along with good transport links, were the most cited benefits.

Several comments referred to building work already taking place at Kent and Canterbury Hospital, suggesting the centre could already be under construction.

"A centre of excellence would be great, it would encourage more highly skilled staff to the benefit of patients. I'm happy to travel anywhere to het the up to date and effective treatment."

"Not enough centre... Spread the knowledge don't create single point of failure."



Next Steps

NHS England and NHS Improvement Specialised Commissioning and Kent and Medway CCG will consider the feedback gathered through the consultation process and outlined in this report, in partnership with East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trust, Medway NHS Foundation Trust and regional health and social care stakeholders.

The report will be presented and delivered to health and social care overview committees for consideration and discussion.

A final decision-making business case will be developed to inform a final commissioning decision this summer.

Following the public engagement events, commissioners have also committed to establishing a Patient Working Group to help inform service development if the proposals are progressed. This will include detailed discussion of travel and transport options and solutions.

Kent and Medway CCG has also undertaken to carry out mapping and analysis of public transport options across the areas affected, and to work in collaboration with Kent County Council, which is currently carrying out a consultation about a proposed reduction to selected bus services in the county.



Appendices

Appendix 1: Consultation document

Appendix 2: Consultation survey

Appendix 3: Easy Read consultation document

Appendix 4: Social Media schedule

Appendix 5: Social Media advertising

Appendix 6: Media Coverage

Appendix 7: Stakeholder

Appendix 8: Engagement Log

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Appendix 10: Patient and Public event presentation

Appendix 11: Profile of survey respondents

Appendix 12: Ashford Borough Council response

Appendix 13: MP Response

Appendix 14: Consultation A4 Flyer

Appendix 15: Consultation Communications and Engagement Strategy

Appendix 16: Summary of Consultation costs

NOTE:

This report was compiled with the support of NHS South Central and West Commissioning Support Unit (SCW). All responses to the consultation including letters and emails from the public (names and addresses redacted), letters and emails from stakeholders, completed survey responses and details of meetings were shared with SCW who conducted an analysis of the data and all responses, identified the key themes and drafted this consultation report.









scw Appendices

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Appendix 1: Consultation document

https://www.england.nhs.uk/south-east/wpcontent/uploads/sites/45/2022/01/Improving-vascular-services.pdf



Appendix 2: Consultation Survey

It is important, before answering the questions in our consultation survey, for you to ensure that you have read all of the information provided about each of the individual vascular provider hospitals in East Kent, Medway and the Maidstone catchment area so that you understand the potential impact of our proposal on the hospital affected and the way in which the vascular service delivery would change. The consultation closes at midnight on March 15 2022.

You can only respond to the survey once – either by completing it online at:

https://jointheconversation.scwcsu.nhs.uk/vascular-services or by filling in the questions below and posting to: Freepost MEDWAY NHS FT MEMBERSHIP OFFICE. You will not need to use a stamp.

Section 1: About you – this information will be used to ensure that we have reached a wide range of patients and public.

Diagon toll in in what composity you are recepts	die au		
Please tell us in what capacity you are respond	aing:		
☐ I am a patient currently using the service ☐ I am responding on behalf of someone who is currently using the service			
I am a patient that has previously used the service (, -		
I am an NHS member of staff	in the last 5 years)		
I am responding on behalf of someone else that has	used the service in the last 5 years		
I work in Local Government/Social care	ased the service in the last 5 years		
I work for an organisation that represents patients			
Other (please specify)			
Please could you tell us your (or the perso	n you are responding on behalf of)		
age?			
Under 18 35-44	65 and over		
18-24	Prefer not to say		
25-34 55-64			
Please could you tell us your (or the po	erson you are responding on behalf		
of) hometown and postcode (this will help us			
wide audience)			
Hometown:	Dantan da.		
	Postcode:		
	Postcode:		
Which ethnic group do you (or the person you			
Which ethnic group do you (or the person you			
Which ethnic group do you (or the person you to?			
Which ethnic group do you (or the person you to? (Please tick one box only)	are responding on behalf of) belong Multiple/Mixed Ethnic Groups		
Which ethnic group do you (or the person you to? (Please tick one box only) White British White Irish or White Other Black/African/Caribbean/Black British	are responding on behalf of) belong Multiple/Mixed Ethnic Groups Prefer not to say		
Which ethnic group do you (or the person you to? (Please tick one box only) White British White Irish or White Other Black/African/Caribbean/Black British Asian or Asian British	are responding on behalf of) belong Multiple/Mixed Ethnic Groups		
Which ethnic group do you (or the person you to? (Please tick one box only) White British White Irish or White Other Black/African/Caribbean/Black British Asian or Asian British Do you (or the person you are responding)	are responding on behalf of) belong Multiple/Mixed Ethnic Groups Prefer not to say Other (Please specify below)		
Which ethnic group do you (or the person you to? (Please tick one box only) White British White Irish or White Other Black/African/Caribbean/Black British Asian or Asian British Do you (or the person you are responding on behalf of) consider yourself to have a disable	are responding on behalf of) belong Multiple/Mixed Ethnic Groups Prefer not to say Other (Please specify below) pility? (The Equality Act 2010 states a		
Which ethnic group do you (or the person you to? (Please tick one box only) White British White Irish or White Other Black/African/Caribbean/Black British Asian or Asian British Do you (or the person you are responding on behalf of) consider yourself to have a disable person has a disability if they have a physical or	are responding on behalf of) belong Multiple/Mixed Ethnic Groups Prefer not to say Other (Please specify below) Dility? (The Equality Act 2010 states a remental impairment which has a long		
Which ethnic group do you (or the person you to? (Please tick one box only) White British White Irish or White Other Black/African/Caribbean/Black British Asian or Asian British Do you (or the person you are responding on behalf of) consider yourself to have a disable person has a disability if they have a physical of term (12-month period) or substantial adverse	are responding on behalf of) belong Multiple/Mixed Ethnic Groups Prefer not to say Other (Please specify below) Dility? (The Equality Act 2010 states a remental impairment which has a long		
Which ethnic group do you (or the person you to? (Please tick one box only) White British White Irish or White Other Black/African/Caribbean/Black British Asian or Asian British Do you (or the person you are responding on behalf of) consider yourself to have a disable person has a disability if they have a physical of term (12-month period) or substantial adverse to day activities.)	are responding on behalf of) belong Multiple/Mixed Ethnic Groups Prefer not to say Other (Please specify below) Dility? (The Equality Act 2010 states a remental impairment which has a long		
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Which ethnic group do you (or the person you to? (Please tick one box only) White British White Irish or White Other Black/African/Caribbean/Black British Asian or Asian British Do you (or the person you are responding on behalf of) consider yourself to have a disable person has a disability if they have a physical of term (12-month period) or substantial adverse to day activities.)	are responding on behalf of) belong Multiple/Mixed Ethnic Groups Prefer not to say Other (Please specify below) Mility? (The Equality Act 2010 states a remental impairment which has a long effects on their ability to carry out day		



Maidstone	☐ Margate	☐ Sheppey	
Ashford	Dover	Tunbridge Wells	
☐ Canterbury	☐ Medway		
☐ Not applicable/other (please provid	e more details below)		
Section 2: Your views on our proposal			
Our proposal is for a medium ter	•		
Kent and Canterbury Hospital in	•	vascular surgery requiring a	
stay in hospital would be provide			
means that patients who would	•		
Hospital would now receive the			
1. Do you (or the person you are for patients?	e responding on bena	iif of) agree with this proposal	
Yes No I'm not sure			
Please let us know the main reas	son(s) for your answe	r above:	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Our proposal is for a medium ter	rm vascular innatient	centre to be created at Kent	
and Canterbury	iii vascalai iiipaticiit	centre to be created at Kent	
Hospital in Canterbury where all	vascular surgery requ	uiring a stay in hospital would	
be provided. This would mean <u>v</u>			
hospitals as one team, supporti		•	
the inpatient vascular centre wh	_	inpatient care, 24 hours a day,	
7 days a week			
the enhanced network hospital a	at Medway and		
the other hospitals in the netwo			
and some day-case surgery wor	· ·		
2. Do you (or the person you are			
for staff working as one team	n across multiple site	s?	
Yes No I'm not sure	con(c) for your answe	r abovo:	
Please let us know the main reas	son(s) for your answe	above.	
Outpatient clinics and diagnostic		continue be provided at:	
William Harvey Hospital in Ashfo Kent and Canterbury Hospital in			
Medway Maritime Hospital in Gi	•		
Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mot	•	ate • Maidstone Hospital	
This means there would be no o	-		
		onding on behalf of) agree	
with this?	. , ,	. 3	
☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ I'm not sure			
Please let us know the main reas	son(s) for your answe	r above:	



Day surgery and rehabilitation would continue to be provided at Medway Maritime Hospital in Gillingham. Inpatient surgery would move to Kent and Canterbury Hospital. This means there would be some change to services as they currently are - do you (or the person you are responding on behalf of) agree with this? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ I'm not sure Please let us know the main reason(s) for your answer above: Please indicate how much you (or the person you are responding on behalf of) disagree with the following statements: agree or Strongly Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly agree disagree The proposed vascular inpatient centre would be able to meet the national standards with a combined catchment of 1.1m people The proposed vascular inpatient centre would help in making the centre more attractive to potential new staff Section 3: Quality of service We would like to ensure that these proposals mean that patients have a good, highquality experience of all the services required for their care. These proposals mean that around 265 patients would be affected by these changes in a year – mainly from the Medway area and from Maidstone. After listening to patient and public views over the past 6 years we have tried to ensure the changes have as little impact as possible. When thinking about vascular services please rank each of the statements to show which is most important to you (or the person you are responding on behalf of) **from 1** to 7 (with 1 being the most important and 7 the least) Being seen by a specialist team, available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week Knowing that your vascular specialist can work closely with other relevant specialist doctors, such as kidney and major accident professionals Knowing the place, you are being treated has good patient outcomes/success rates (in line with national standard) each year Being treated in a place that is close to where you live so friends/family can visit oxedge The level of expertise of people treating you is of a high standard due to the large number of patients they see Being given information about your illness that is easy to understand



Ease of getting to and from your appointment

Not sure

Don't know

Other If other, please provide your views here:			
After reading our proposal do you (or the person feel we have done enough to minimise the followed)		_)
	Yes	No	Don't know
About travel and transport			
About providing the right aftercare as close to home as possible			
About ensuring we continue to work with patients and the public to ensure the proposed changes fit with local future NHS plans?			
Please let us know any reason(s) for your answer	s above:		
Is there anything else we should consider in term arrangements for both patients and visitors		ransport	
When thinking about the proposals, do you (or the behalf of)?	ne person you ar	e responding on	
	Yes	No	Don't know
Understand the need for change			
Feel confident your views will be listened to			

Have other concerns about the proposals, or else you would like to ask or mention?	anything				
If you answered yes to the last point, plo	ease explai	n further be	low:		
Is there is anything else we should consi services in Kent?	ider in our	design and d	elivery of v	vascular	
Section 4: Understanding your experience of car Have you (or the person you are responded)		nalf of) heen	a natient f	for any of	
the following? Screening or surveillance for AAA (Abdo Aortic Aneurysm) Assessment and advice for Surgery or other treatment for AAA hardening of the Surgery to unblock the main artery in the Endarterectomy or CEA) Leg or Diabetic Form Assessment by a vascular surgeon following services Limb bypass surgery or angioplasty for pooperson I am supply to the feet or leg end of survey) Have you (or the person you are responsible of the following services? Prosthetic limb Wheelchair services Diabetic foot care Physiotherapy If you (or the person you are responsible of the following services) If you (or the person you are responsible of the person you are responsible of the following services? Prosthetic limb Wheelchair services Diabetic foot care Physiotherapy If you (or the person you are responsible of the perso	ominal or ne neck ot g a stroke r blood s ding on bel	Limb ampursymptoms of Claudication (Carotid Ulceration Other surges This does not responding Coccupational Speech and lates of the following the control of the following the control of t	tation of Intermitter in (pain in the arteries) ery that neede ot apply to m on behalf of received ca therapy inguage thera	ed vascular e or the (jump to	
	Very good	Good	Neutral	Bad	Very bad
Inpatient (treatment requiring an overnight stay)					
Outpatient (clinic appointment or test but do not need a hospital stay)					
Advice and support from your GP					



Advice on how to manage your condition Other support services (please specify which below) We are looking for patients to get involved in helping to support our doctors, nurses, and other professionals in creating the future vascular service by becoming part of a patient working group. If you would like to take part, please provide your full address and a contact email or phone number below:

Thank you for responding to the survey.

The results will be published on Join the Conversation (https://jointheconversation.scwcsu.nhs.uk/vascular-services)

NHS Creative - CS53434 January 2022



Appendix 3: Easy Read consultation document

https://www.england.nhs.uk/south-east/wp-content/uploads/sites/45/2022/02/Vascular-consultation-easy-read.pdf



Appendix 4: Social Media schedule

All content below posted on the following social media channels:

NHS Kent & Medway Clinical Commissioning Group

Twitter https://twitter.com/NHSKMCCG

Facebook https://www.facebook.com/KMCCG

LinkedIn https://www.linkedin.com/company/nhs-kent-medway-clinicalcommissioning-group/

East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trust

Twitter https://twitter.com/EKHUFT

Facebook https://www.facebook.com/EastKentHospitals

LinkedIn https://www.linkedin.com/company/east-kent-hospitals-university-nhsfoundation-trust/

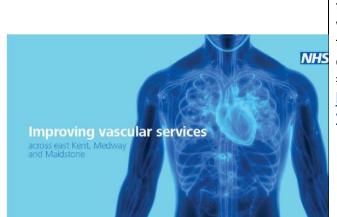
Date	Graphic	Message
Friday 28 January	Improving Vascular services across east Kent, Medway and Maidstone Film for social media posts can be downloaded from here: https://vimeo.com/669568295	The NHS is proposing changes to how vascular services are delivered across east Kent, Medway and Maidstone. We are consulting the public from 1 February to 15 March, and we want you to #HaveYourSay22 https://bit.ly/3tNeTv9
Tuesday 1 February		Our public consultation into proposed changes to how vascular services are delivered across

Medway NHS Foundation Trust

Twitter https://twitter.com/Medway_NHS_FT

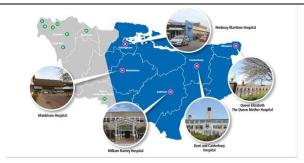
Facebook https://www.facebook.com/MedwayNHS

LinkedIn https://www.linkedin.com/company/medway/



east Kent,
Medway and
Maidstone starts
today. Find out
what it will mean
to you and join the
conversation.
#HaveYourSay22
https://bit.ly/3tNeT
v9

Thursday 3 February



Read our consultation document and find out more about how it will affect vascular services across east Kent, Medway and Maidstone. Then complete our survey and #HaveYourSay22 https://bit.ly/3tNeT v9

Saturday 5 February

transport networks and parking needs to be taken into account



We are running a series of listening events throughout our consultation into proposals to change vascular services; on Weds 9 and Tues 22 February; and Tues 1 and Tues 8 March. Find out more, register for an event and

#HaveYourSay22

https://bit.ly/3tNeT

here:

<u>v9</u>

Monday 7 February

A safe 24/7 service in Kent and Medway especially in an emergency



Join us for our first listening event of the consultation into proposals for vascular services across east Kent, Medway and Maidstone. lt takes place on Weds 9 Feb 5pm -7pm. Find out more and join the meeting here: https://bit.ly/3tNeT #HaveYourSay22

Thursday 10 February



There are lots of ways to have your say on our proposals to change vascular services. Attend one of our listening events, complete the survey on the consultation website, comment on our social media posts, and join the conversation. #HaveYourSay22

https://bit.ly/3tNeT v9 Monday Make sure that **66** We are willing to 14 you understand travel further for February how changes to inpatient care to get vascular services best outcomes across east Kent, Medway and Maidstone could affect you. Then complete our survey and join the conversation. #HaveYourSay22 https://bit.ly/3tNeT <u>v9</u>

Friday 18 February	Improve support for relatives and carers pre- and post-surgery	Unsure what the vascular consultation means to you? Then come along to one of our listening events to find out more. They are taking place every Tuesday over the next three weeks; 22 February, 1 March and 8 March. https://bit.ly/3tNeTv9 #HaveYourSay22
Monday 21 February		Join us for our next listening event of the consultation into proposals for vascular services across east Kent,
	Easier, more timely outpatient care close to home is really important	Medway and Maidstone. It takes place on Tues 22 Feb 10am - 12pm. Find out more and join the meeting here: https://bit.ly/3tNeT #HaveYourSay22

Thursday The NHS wants to Better information, more 24 know what you focus on screening February and prevention, think about education proposals to for GPs 22 improve vascular services in Kent and Medway. Join the conversation and #HaveYourSay22 https://bit.ly/3tNeT <u>v9</u> Monday Join our listening **Local services that** 28 event as part of the reflect local needs consultation into February with aftercare close proposals for to home vascular services across east Kent. Medway and Maidstone. lt takes place on March Tues 10am -12pm. Find out more and Thursday join the meeting 3 March here:

https://bit.ly/3tNeT



<u>v9</u> #HaveYourSay22

Every year around 1,200 treatments are undertaken by specialist vascular teams in two Kent and Medway vascular centres. Find out more about our proposal to improve vascular services and have your say as part of our consultation. #HaveYourSay22 https://bit.ly/3tNeT <u>v9</u>

Monday 7 March



Our final listening event of the vascular services consultation takes place on Tues 8 March 11am -1pm. This is your last chance to listen to us speak about our proposals to improve vascular services in Kent and Medway. Join the conversation and #HaveYourSay22 https://bit.ly/3tNeT <u>v9</u>

Wednesd ay 9 March

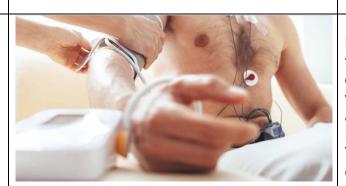


Film for social media posts can be downloaded from here: https://vimeo.com/669568295

Unsure what the vascular consultation means to you? Take a look at our short film and read the consultation document at:

https://bit.ly/3tNeT v9 #HaveYourSay22

Friday 11 March



Now's the last chance to have your say on our proposal for vascular services across east Medway, Kent and Maidstone. The consultation closes on Tuesday 15 March, and we want to hear your views. #HaveYourSay22 https://bit.ly/3tNeTv9

Monday 14 March



Thank you to everyone who took part in our consultation into vascular services across east Medway, Kent and Maidstone. There's a final chance to have your say as the consultation closes on Tuesday 15 March.

#HaveYourSay22 https://bit.ly/3tNeT v9





Appendix 5: Social Media advertising

Sponsored post engagement	Total number
Oponsored post engagement	Total Hamber
People reached	71,443
	230,346
Impressions	meaning most people saw content on average 3 times
	2,594
Link clicks	
Likes	119
	74
Comments	This does not include replies
Shares	61
Post saves	33
Video engagement	Number
Total video plays	163,802
3 second video plays	64,296
50% video plays	4,774
Full video plays	1,510





Joining the dots across health and care

Appendix 6: Media Coverage

Following press releases and follow up by Kent and Medway NHS partner organisations, 5 items of local and regional media coverage were achieved:

Outlet	Date	Link
Kent Online	71,443	https://www.kentonline.co.uk/dover/news/patientsurged-to- consult-on-changes-to-vascular-care-263315
BBC South East		
Today	02.02.22	
Isle of Thanet News	02.02.22	https://theisleofthanetnews.com/2022/02/01/publicconsultation-launched-on-proposals-for-specialisedvascular-services-in-kent-and-medway
News Anyway (Kent)	09.02.22	https://www.newsanyway.com/2022/02/08/consultationon-specialised-vascular-services-in-kent-and-medway
BBC Sout	h	
	14.03.22	2
East Today		

Joining the dots across health and care



Stakeholder and community organisations Date/s contacted **Patient Participation Groups and CCG Health Networks** East Kent West Kent Dartford, Gravesham and Swanley Medway & Swale 19.01.22 Kent & Medway CCG community bulletin recipients (6,000) 19.01.22 19.01.22/09.02.22 **Voluntary Community Sector** Age UK North West Kent 19.01.22/09.02.22 19.01.22/09.02.22 Age UK South Kent Coast Age UK Maidstone 19.01.22/ 09.02.22 Age UK Canterbury 19.01.22/09.02.22 19.01.22/09.02.22 Age UK Thanet Age UK Sevenoaks & Tonbridge 19.01.22/09.02.22 Age UK Faversham & Sittingbourne 19.01.22/09.02.22 Age UK Sittingbourne 19.01.22/09.02.22 19.01.22/ 09.02.22 Age UK Sheppey Age UK Herne Bay and Whitstable 19.01.22/09.02.22 Age UK Tunbridge Wells 19.01.22/09.02.22 **Diabetes UK South East** 19.01.22/09.02.22 **Beaumont Society** 19.01.22 Medway Gender Sexual Identity Centre 19.01.22 Transgender Peer Associates Dover 19.01.22 Thanet Active Retirement Association (TARA) 19.01.22

Thanet LGBT 50+ Group	19 0122
Thanet Over 50's Forum	19.01.22
Thanet Seniors Friendship Club for 50 Plus	19.01.22
Folkestone & Hythe Older Peoples Forum	26.01.22
Age UK Dover	19.01.22
Dover Senior Citizens Forum	19.01.22
Folkestone and Hythe Hub Services	19.01.22
Age Uk Ashford	19.01.22
Carers Support Ashford	19.01.22
Age UK Faversham	19.01.22
Age UK Herne Bay (and Whitstable)	19.01.22
Citizens Rights for Older People (CROP)	19.01.22
Age UK Canterbury	19.01.22
Carer's Support (Canterbury, Dover Thanet)	19.01.22
Gravesham 50+	19.01.22
Dartford Elders Forum	19.01.22
Medway Voluntary Action	19.01.22
Carers First Medway	19.01.22
Sheppey Matters	19.01.22
Swale CVS	19.01.22
Freedom Centre, Sheppey	19.01.22
Kent and Medway Wheelchair Services	19.01.22
KCHFT Learning Disabilities Forums	19.01.22



Maternity Voice Partnership East Kent	19.01.22
Maternity Voice Partnership Maidstone	19.01.22
Maternity Voice Partnership Medway	19.01.22
Kent Equality Cohesion Council	19.01.22
Gypsy and Traveller KCC Arthritis Action	19.01.22
	19.01.21
Centre for Independent Living Kent	19.01.21
Equalities & Communities Officer, Maidstone Borough Council	
Involve Kent	19.01.21
Older People's forum	19.01.21
Crossroads Care	19.01.21
Alzheimer's Society	19.01.21
Kent Libraries	19.01.21
Stonewall	19.01.21
Childrens Centres	19.01.21
Mela Advisory Group	19.01.21
Kent Refugee Action Network (KRAN)	19.01.21
Triratna West Kent Buddhist Group	19.01.21
Nigerian Association Kent	19.01.21
Shri Guru Nanak Gurdwara	19.01.21
Maidstone Mosque	19.01.21
Swale Senior Citizens Forum	26.01.21
Transgender Peer Associates Ashford	26.01.21
Medway Community Response meeting	14.01.21
Medway Voluntary Services group including	19.01.22
Age UK	
Age UK	
Carers First	

Carers First

Medway Diversity Action



Appendix 8: Engagement Log

Updated: 7 April 2022 Improving vascular services consultation engagement log

Date	Туре	Audience	Key messages/Discussion content
01.02.22	Website		News release and links to consultation document on K&M CCG website
01.02.22	Email	Medway and Swale FT governors	Message to governors
01.03.22	Public engagement event		
02.02.2022	Meeting	MPs: Roger Gale, Damian Green, Natalie Elphicke, Tracey Crouch Represented by officers	Summary of the consultation objectives was presented to Kent and Medway MPs at the CCG's monthly briefing on 2 Feb. All were briefed that the consultation has started, reminded they've been send specific information by email and encouraged to take part and share with constituents.
02.02.2022		Kent and Medway MPs briefed at a regular CCG briefing meeting	
02.02.2022		VCSE: reminder sent to all the VCSE target groups (follow on from19.01) + link to consultation and invites to public meetings	
02.02.22	News Release	Isle of Thanet Gazette (Kent)	
02.02.22	News Release	South East News	
02.02.22	Website	Medway and Swale residents and patients	News release and links to consultation document on Medway NHS Foundation Trust website



02.02.22	Video briefing	Medway staff	Inclusion in the Trust Chief Exec video briefing to all staff
02.03.2022	News media	Kent On Line	
02.03.2022	News media	Kent on line -	
02.03.22	Virtual meeting	Kent Disability Forum	
03.02.22	Email	Medway and Swale FT members (mostly local residents)	Message to Trust members
03.03.22 scheduled 7pm	Social media	Medway and Swale residents and patients	Post informing people about the consultation and encouraging them to take part. Link to consultation website page included. Content came from vascular consultation social media schedule
04.02.22	Email	Medway staff	Included in weekly Chief Exec email to Medway staff
04.03.2022	News media Letter to Editor	Medway Messenger Main KM group email Sheerness Times- Guardian Sittingbourne News Extra Medway Messenger Various individual Messenger Group journalists at the publications above Kent Live Village Voice (local magazine in Hoo) Inside Swale and	



07.02.22		G4S	Positive response from patient relationship manager about supporting the consultation
07.02.22	Email	Medway FT	Included in Chiec Exec message to
07.03.2022	Social Media	Notification that 77 people saw tweet	
07.03.22 scheduled 11.30am	Social media	Medway and Swale residents and patients	post informing people about the consultation and encouraging them to take part. Link to consultation website page included. Content came from vascular consultation social media schedule
08.02.22	Public engagement event		
08.02.22	Social media	Medway and Swale residents and patients	Post informing people about the consultation and encouraging them to take part. Link to consultation website page included. Content came from vascular consultation social media schedule
08.03.2022		Community focus group: Women of Faith, Medway	
08.03.22	Public engagement event		
09.02.22	News Release	News Anyway (Kent) coverage	
09.02.22	News Release	Isle of Thanet News	
09.02.22	Social Media	Social Media	
09.02.22	Link to news release		



09.02.22	Letter and consultation document sent to patients	Medway and Swale residents and patients	Letter informing patients under the care of Medway NHS Foundation Trust about the consultation and listening events. Brochure also sent with the letter.
09.02.22	Letter to editor	Medway and Swale residents and patients	Letter to editor from Medway's Chief Medical Officer Alison Davis letting readers know the consultation is running and encouraging them to take part by attending listening events. Link to consultation platform also included.
09.02.22	Listening event	Patients and residents living in	
09.02.22 AM and PM	Social media	Medway and Swale residents and patients	Post informing people about the consultation and encouraging them to take part. Link to consultation website page included. Content came from vascular consultation social media schedule
09.03.22 scheduled 4pm	Social media	Medway and Swale residents and patients	Post informing people about the consultation and encouraging them to take part. Link to consultation website page included. Content came from vascular consultation social media schedule



	T	1	
10.02.22	MFT internal comms		MFT website - link to consultatation info- Internal comms began on Friday 28: Messages were included in our daily all staff email bulletin Weekly all staff newsletter Monthly Team Brief (delivered to 100 senior managers verbally and distributed to 300 by email) Staff intranet Stakeholder briefing which is sent to approx. 50 external people locally including MPs and partner organisations Consultation documents being distributed
10.02.22 AM and PM	Social media	Medway and Swale residents and patients	Post informing people about the consultation and encouraging them to take part. Link to consultation website page included. Content came from vascular consultation social media schedule
10.03.2022		Community focus group: Allhallows, Friends of Allsaints Church	
11.02.2022		Medway VCSE forum meeting attended to raise awareness of live consultation and dates for meetings, 40+ VCSE members regularly attend	
11.02.22 AM and PM	Social media	Medway and Swale residents and patients	Post informing people about the consultation and encouraging them to take part. Link to consultation website page included. Content came from vascular consultation social media schedule

12.02.22 AM and PM	Social media	Medway and Swale residents and patients	Post informing people about the consultation and encouraging them to take part. Link to consultation website page included. Content came from vascular consultation social media schedule
12.2021-03.2022	Social media, emails and phone calls	Medway Community Action update	A total of 55 social posts across 6 platforms (facebook, twitter & linkedin) 3 Mailchimps to 3650 subscribers (total) 219 Emails to existing Focus Group Facilitators & Community Health Researchers (1 per month Dec, Jan & Feb to 37 FGF's & 36 CHR's) 640 Emails to Befriending Together members & Volunteers 704 Targeted Emails in total (1 per month Jan & Feb) 540 Email in total to Community Update Meeting Group (1 per month in Dec, Jan & Feb) 120 Email to Community Faith Forum Partners in total (1 in Dec & Jan) 197 Phone calls made to community groups, existing Focus Group Facilitators and Community Health Reseaerchers Topic Launch & Program Review Meeting with existing CHR's 11th January (6 attended – all were sent notes from the meeting) A 'notable' number of Focus Group Facilitators and Community Health Researchers could not take part due to families coming down with Covid and Bereavements and projects falling at the same time as some of the sector were reopening again.
13.01.22	Email	K&M CCG, Millbrooke Healthcare, G4S, SECAmb, KCHFT, Bcpasoutheastchirop ody, Diabetes UK	Public consultation starts 1 Feb 22, sent consultation doc, will send a comms pack, offered to set up a briefing mtg



13.01.22	Email	JHOSC members	Sent consultation doc final layout, advised consultation start date now 1 Feb 22, gave dates of engagement events
13.02.22 AM and PM	Social media	Medway and Swale residents and patients	Post informing people about the consultation and encouraging them to take part. Link to consultation website page included. Content came from vascular consultation social media schedule
14.01.2022		Medway VCSE forum meeting attended to raise awareness of upcoming consultation, 40+ VCSE members	
14.02.22 scheduled for 7.30pm	Social media	Medway and Swale residents and patients	Post informing people about the consultation and encouraging them to take part. Link to consultation website page included. Content came from vascular consultation social media schedule
14.03.2022	News media		
15.02.2022		West Kent Stakeholder Engagement Action Group: meeting attended to ask	
15.02.22	meeting	West Kent Stakeholder Engagement Action Group: K&M CCG engagement lead spoke at the meeting	
15.03.2022	News media and social media	Comments on Facebook and KM article	
15.03.2022	Meeting	NHSEI consultation and engagement lead presenting to commisiong staff for NHSE/I re vascular	

17.02.2022		Medway and Swale PPG Chairs meeting: Carol Wood gave a presentation on the consultation, followed by a discussion + feedback	
17.02.22	meeting	Medway and Swale PPG Chairs meeting – 17/02/22: NHSEI consultation & engagement manager speaking on the consultation, followed by a	
17.02.22	Meeting of PPG	NHSEI consultation & engagement manager presented about vascular services at the Medway and Swale patient participation group meeting. 22 people attended and	
18.02.22	Staff engagement event		
18.02.22		EKHUKT internal comms	Message to vascular staff to remind them to attend the public consultation staff session on 18/2
18.02.22 scheduled 12pm	Social media	Medway and Swale residents and patients	Post informing people about the consultation and encouraging them to take part. Link to consultation website page included. Content came from vascular consultation social media schedule



19.01.2022		Voluntary and community organisations across Kent and Medway working with appropriate service users contacted to alert to consultation and to ask for opportunities to engage and to share consultation information further – including older people's support, local Age UK	
2022 Jan to March	Facebook, Twitter, Instagram	Facebook, Twitter and Instagram	
21.02.22		Message to Medway staff to encourage them to sign up to attend public consultation events and/or submit a consultation response	
21.02.22 scheduled 8am	Social media	Medway and Swale residents and patients	Post informing people about the consultation and encouraging them to take part. Link to consultation website page included. Content came from vascular consultation social media schedule
22.02.22	Public engagement event		



22.03.2022		Healthwatch Kent: Seven social media posts Facebook: had 7 engagements Twitter: had 16 engagements and 3 re-shares Website visits: Medway Facebook: had 9 engagements Twitter: had 11 engagements and 2 re-shares Website visits: 21	
22.03.2022	Newsletter	General Public	
22.03.2022	PDF Newsletter	Kent Physical Disability Forum	
22.03.2022	MHUV Newsletter	Mental Health User Voice Network	
22.03.2022	Healthwatch Kent Newsletter	General public	
24.02.2022	Email	KCC to share with Learning Disability Partnerships	Information about the conversation and the Easy Read version.
24.02.22 scheduled 2.30pm	Social media	Medway and Swale residents and patients	post informing people about the consultation and encouraging them to take part. Link to consultation website page included. Content came from vascular consultation social media schedule
24.02.2022	Email	KCHFT Trans & Non-Bi	Information on background of consultation, integrated impact assessment recognising gender reassignment as high risk group. Link to consultation 'join the conversation' page.



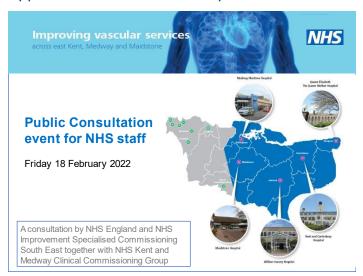
27.01.22	Website	NHSE link to consultation resource	
27.01.22	Email	Wheelchair Services at Millbrook	positive response
28.01.22	Email	NHSE Learning Disability network	CW emailed the NHSEI LD networks asking for their support
28.01.22	Email	Maternity Voice partnerships in Kent, Medway and	
28.02.22 scheduled 3.45pm	Social media	Medway and Swale residents and patients	Post informing people about the consultation and encouraging them to take part. Link to consultation website page included. Content came from vascular consultation social media schedule
31.01.2022		Patient Participation Group Chairs: The engagement team wrote to all chairs advertising the consultation and asking them to pass on the information to members	
31.01.22	News Release	News release to Kent and Medway media	
31.01.22	Website	Website goes live on NHSEI platform	
31.01.22	Email/letter	letter to all Kent and Medway MPs	Letter to MPs re consultation
31.01.22	Email	Patient Participation Group Chairs: Letters to all chairs advertising the consultation and asking them to pass	
31.01.22	Email	Local Councillors: Letters to all 600 + local councillors – County Council, Medway, District	



31.01.22 and 02.02.22



Appendix 9: NHS staff event presentation



Purpose of today



- 1. Introduction
- 2. The proposal
- 3. The decision making process
- 4. Next steps
- 5. Discussion



Introduction

Dr Alison Davis
Chief Medical Officer, Medway Foundation Trust



NHS

The proposal

Dr Jonathan Purday Kent and Medway Vascular Network lead

Our goal



To achieve world class vascular services for east Kent, Medway and Maidstone, which:

- · Meet national standards and best practice
- · Ensures we have more specialists with the right skills to provide patients with the very best care



Why do things need to change?



National guidance

To ensure the best outcomes:

Doctors need to see enough different cases to maintain their expertise

High volumes of patients – minimum 800,000 catchment

24/7 access to care

Needs 6 full time vascular surgeons. 6 full time interventional radiologists and specialist nurses.

Network working

Vascular staff work together across multiple hospitals

Dedicated facilities

East Kent, Medway and Maidstone

Medway NHS Foundation Trust serves catchment of 420,000 patients

East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trusts serves catchment of **720,000** patients

East Kent 6 vascular surgeons 5 interventional radiologists

Medway

5 vascular surgeons 4 interventional radiologist consultants

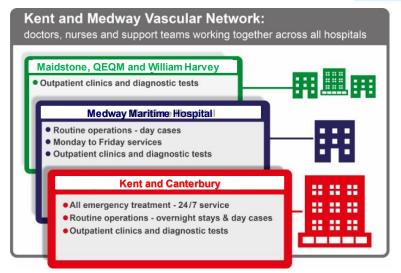
Vascular Network

Creating one team strengthens a developing network



The proposal



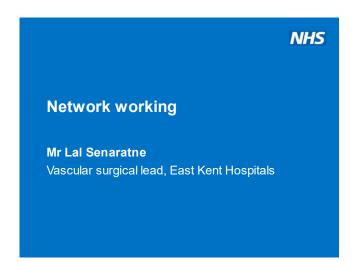


Why Kent and Canterbury?



- Almost twice as many vascular procedures take place at Kent and Canterbury (740) compared with Medway (409)
- Some inpatient surgery temporarily moved to K&C in 2020

 outcomes have been sustained (higher than national average) or improved
- Locating the service in Canterbury optimises travel times for the majority of patients
- · Medway does not have the space to expand
- K&C already has a dedicated ward for vascular inpatients, and is the specialist centre for regional renal services





Summary





Emergency care
Patients treated by 24/7 specialist team at K&C only. Follow up care at local hospital.



Routine care

Patients seen by vascular team at local hospital to determine diagnosis and treatment needed. Inpatient treatment at K&C. Day surgery at K&C or Medway. Ongoing monitoring at local hospital.



Outpatient care

No change – patients will continue to access these services at their local hospital – Ashford, Canterbury, Maidstone, Margate or Medway



Network working

- · Working as one vascular team across the county
- · On-call rotas
- · The role of vascular nurse specialists
- How major cases will be assessed prior to surgery
- 28 vascular beds with ITU and HDU support
- · Proposal for a Level 1+ facility
- · New IR suite build

NHS

Decision making process

Kierstan Lowe

Consultation and Engagement on behalf NHS England



Public consultation





How are we engaging the public?



- Sharing consultation details directly with patients by post, clinics and screening appointments
- Engaging with local patient and carers groups
- · 4 online public listening events
- Social media, including paid for adverts
- · Local media



Next steps during consultation



- Complete the consultation survey by 15 March https://jointheconversation.scwcsu.nhs.uk/vascular -services
- Share consultation materials with patients / relatives – copies of the consultation document are available to share e.g. in clinics, wards...
- Public events 3 further online listening events on 22 Feb, 1 March and 8 March – register on link above



Next steps after consultation



Indicative timeline, subject to consultation feedback

- March May consultation feedback is written up and considered by commissioners at NHS England and Kent and Medway CCG
- April May Development of a decision making business case
- May Commissioners' decision expected



Questions

NHS

What do you think of:

- working together as one vascular team across multiple hospitals?
- · the proposal for a single inpatient vascular centre?
- the proposal to locate this at Kent and Canterbury Hospital?

Do you think that a single vascular inpatient centre would:

- meet national standards with a combined catchment of 1.1 million?
- help in attracting potential new staff?

Is there anything else that should be taken into consideration in the design and delivery of vascular services in Kent and Medway?



Finally...



If you have any further questions, please contact: england.seconsultation@nhs.net

Consultation document, survey and event registration:

https://jointheconversation.scwcsu.nhs.uk/vascular - services



Appendix 10: Patient and Public event presentation



Welcome



NHS



Purpose of today

Time	Activity
	Outline why change is needed
	Explain our proposals for change
	Break
	Listen to what you think
	Outline next steps

Public consultation





What are vascular services?

Vascular conditions

Abdominal aortic aneurysm – a bulge in the artery wall that can rupture

Carotid artery disease – which can lead to a stroke

Blocked arteries

- which can
put limbs at risk

Vascular treatment

Bypass surgery

NHS

Repair blocked arteries

Treat blood clots in

Treatments using X-Ray, CT, MRI, ultrasound

What happens now?



Kent and Canterbury Hospital

full range of services including inpatient surgery, day surgery, outpatient care and diagnostic tests



NHS

Medway Maritime Hospital

some inpatient vascular surgery*, day surgery and outpatient care and diagnostic tests







QEQM Hospital



William Harvey Hospital

These hospitals provide outpatient care and diagnostic tests

^{*} Since January 2020 AAA surgery has been provided at Kent and Canterbury Hospital



NHS Why do things need to change?

National guidance

To ensure the best outcomes:

Doctors need to see enough different cases to maintain their expertise

High volumes of patients - minimum 800,000 catchment

24/7 access to care
Needs 6 full time vascular surgeons,
6 full time interventional radiologists and specialist nurses.

Network working Vascular staff work together across multiple hospitals

Dedicated facilities

East Kent, Medway and Maidstone

Medway NHS Foundation Trust serves catchment of 420,000 patients

East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trusts serves catchment of 720,000 patients

East Kent

6 vascular surgeons 5 interventional radiologists

Medway

5 vascular surgeons 4 interventional radiologist consultants

Vascular Network
Creating one team strengthens a
developing network

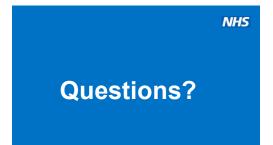


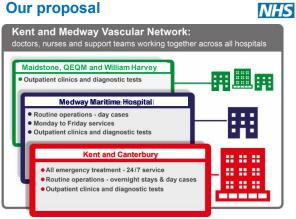
Our goal

To achieve world class vascular services for east Kent, Medway and Maidstone, which:

- · Meet national standards and best practice
- · Ensures we have more specialists with the right skills to provide patients with the very best care







Who will the changes affect?

- NHS
- · Most vascular patients do not require major surgery
- The majority of patients will continue their care at their local hospital

William Harvey Hospital, Ashford; QEQM Hospital, Margate; Maidstone Hospital; Medway Maritime Hospital and Kent & Canterbury Hospital











 Outpatient appointments will also continue at Dover and Sheppey

Who will the changes affect? cont...



- Patients will only travel to the K&C for surgery that needs an overnight stay
- The change will affect around 265 patients a year
- Emergency surgery already takes place at the K&C patients transported by ambulance







Why Kent and Canterbury?



- Almost twice as many vascular procedures take place at Kent and Canterbury (740) compared with Medway (409)
- Some inpatient surgery temporarily moved to K&C in 2020

 outcomes have been sustained (higher than national average) or improved
- Locating the service in Canterbury optimises travel times for the majority of patients
- Medway does not have the space to expand
- K&C already has a dedicated ward for vascular inpatients, and is the specialist centre for regional renal services



Emergency care



 To include patients needing immediate treatment as a result of sudden new symptoms, worsening of existing symptoms or complications of another condition



- Patients may come via ambulance, turn up at A&E or already be in hospital
- Patient will be treated by 24/7 specialist team at Kent and Canterbury Hospital
- Follow up care at local hospital e.g. outpatient clinic

Routine care



Patient referred to vascular team by nurse, GP or screening programme



- Patient seen by vascular team at local hospital to determine diagnosis and treatment needed
- Depending on treatment needed the patient would have:
 - inpatient treatment at Kent and Canterbury Hospital
 - day treatment at either Medway or Kent and Canterbury hospitals, whichever is closer.
 - Ongoing monitoring at their local hospital

Outpatient care





- No change patients will continue to access these services at their local hospital or hospital of choice
- Outpatient care includes a range of outpatient clinics, diagnostic tests and follow up care
- e.g. first appointment, follow-up appointment after surgery, rehabilitation, ongoing care and management.





Patient example: Jane



- Jane, 61, from Ramsgate Ex-smoker, type two diabete
- Pain in her legs, which she puts down to "getting old" She hasn't been to her GP
- On her last visit to the diabetic clinic the nurse noticed she had cold feet, brittle toe nails and shiny skin
- Jane is referred to the vascular service to investigate a suspicion that she may have Peripheral Arterial Disease (PAD)



Jane's care

- Sees vascular consultant at QEQM Hospital where she has tests to determine diagnosis and plan treatment.
- Treated at Kent and Canterbury Hospital as overnight stay needed.



Patient example: Frank



- Frank, from Medway, lives alone
- Goes to the gym regularly and has the occasional pint, feels fit and healthy
- As he's over 65, he's recently had his routine ultrasound screening for an abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA)
- Frank is surprised to discover he has a AAA
- Referred to the vascular service to discuss what treatment is required



Frank's care

- Appointment with vascular consultant at Medway Maritime Hospital where he has tests to determine treatment and plan care
- Aneurysm repaired at Kent and Canterbury Hospital as overnight stay needed.



Patient example: Dave



- Dave, 40, sometimes sleeps rough
- He drinks dangerous amounts of alcohol and long time smoker
- Three years ago his Ashford GP referred him into the vascular service where he was diagnosed with Peripheral Arterial Disease
- His friend took him to his GP because
- he was so wheezy His GP discovered his foot was discoloured and cold
- The GP sent Dave to A&E immediately



Dave's care

- Assessed at William Harvey A&E
- Transferred to Kent and Canterbury for urgent surgery
- · Follow up care at local hospital



- We would like to hear your views
- 3 broad questions to open up the discussion see Chat
- If you're happy to, please tell us
 - your name
 - where you live
 - your interest in or experience of vascular services



What do you think?



- What factors are important to you in the service and care you receive - both in and out of hospital?
- Is there anything we need to consider in terms of travel and transport arrangements for both patients and visitors?
- Is there anything else you would like to tell us about vascular services?



Next steps



- Online questionnaire complete by 15 March https://jointheconversation.scwcsu.nhs.uk/vascular - services
- Printed materials if you prefer a paper questionnaire please send it to Freepost, MEDWAY NHS FT MEMBERSHIP OFFICE. No stamp needed.
- Patient panel you can apply to be part of our patient panel to help co-design the service
- Outcome the final report on the outcome of the consultation will be published in the spring



Appendix 11: Profile of survey respondents

In total 255 people responded to the survey. Of these, 174 responded online and 81 hard copy responses were received.

Section 1: Consultation survey response profile

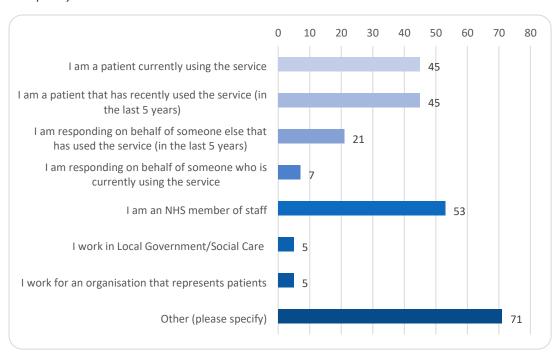
1. Please tell us in what capacity you are responding

118 (47%) of respondents were either currently using the services or had done in the last 5 years or were responding on behalf of someone that was either currently using services or had done in the last 5 years.

63 (25%) of respondents identified themselves from organisations, the majority of which are NHS staff (53 people).

71 (28%) identified as 'other', these included people who had been contacted by Diabetes UK, retired NHS professionals and individuals that were elderly with an interest in the future provision of services.

Figure 1: Capacity





Source: Consultation survey 2022 **Base:** 252 (3 skipped)

2. If you are an NHS member of staff, please tell us which NHS organisation you work for?

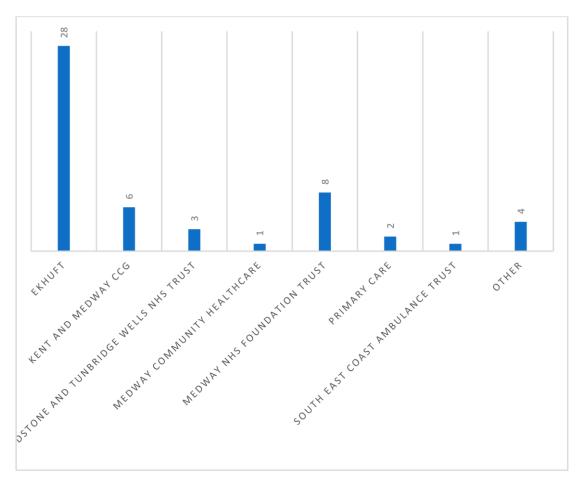
53 staff from NHS organisations responded to the consultation.

Twenty-eight of these were from East Kent Hospitals University NHS

Foundation Trust and a further eight responses were received from Medway NHS Foundation Trust. A smaller number of responses were from other NHS organisations in the area.

Figure 2: NHS Organisations





SCW

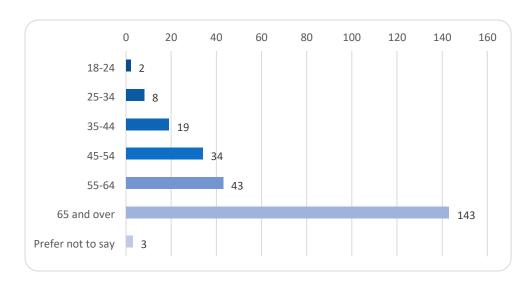
Source: Consultation survey 2022 Base: 53 (respondents from organisations)

3. Please could tell us your (or the person you are responding on behalf of) age?

The largest group of respondents were 65 and over (143 people). Of those aged 35-44 and 45-54, thirty-seven were staff. Of those aged 25-34, five respondents were staff members.

Figure 3: Age





SCW

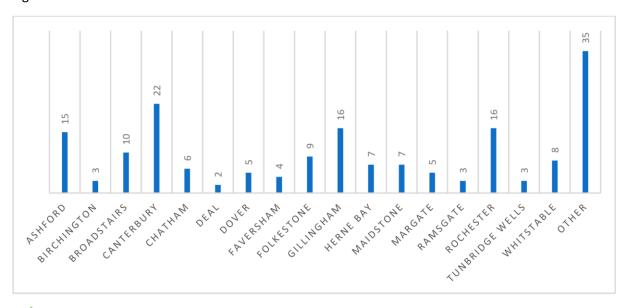
Source: Consultation survey 2022 Bas

Base: 252 (3 skipped)

4. Please could you tell us your (or the person you are responding on behalf of) hometown and postcode

Seventy-three respondents did not provide a hometown in response to this question, the chart below, shows the spread of the remaining responses by hometown.

Figure 4: Hometown



SCW

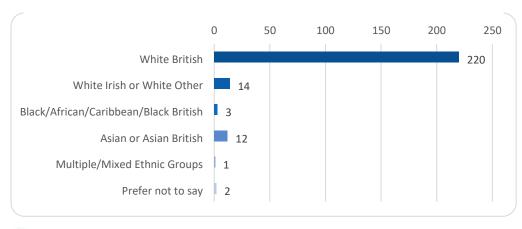
Source: Consultation survey 2022 Base: 249 (6 skipped)

5. Which ethnic group do you (or the person you are responding on behalf of) belong to?

Most respondents (234 people) were White British, White Irish or White Other. Twelve respondents were Asian or Asian British with a smaller number of respondents from other ethnic groups.



Figure 2: Ethnicity



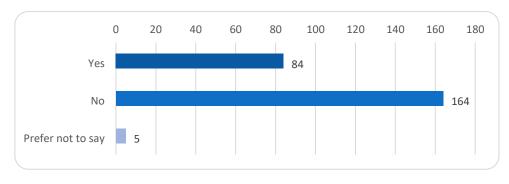


Source: Consultation survey 2022 Base: 252 (3 skipped)

6. Do you (or the person you are responding on behalf of) consider yourself to have a disability?

164 (65%) of respondents said that they did not have a disability, of the 84 (33%) that said that they did, 22 were patients who were either currently using the service or had been a patient in the last 5 years.

Figure 2: Disability





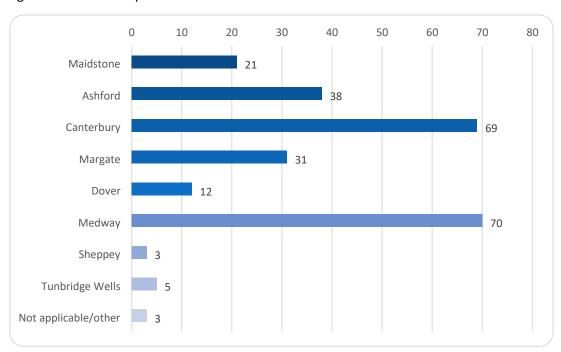
Source: Consultation survey 2022 **Base:** 253 (2 skipped)

7. From the following list which is your (or the person you are responding on behalf of) nearest hospital, using your normal mode of travel?

For most respondents their nearest hospital was Medway (70 people) and then Canterbury (69 people). For those that said not applicable this was because they were either staff or because their nearest hospital was not listed, specifically Darent Valley Hospital.



Figure 2: Nearest Hospital



SCW

Source: Consultation survey 2022 **Base:** 252 (3 skipped)

Appendix 12: Ashford Borough Council response

Councillor P Feacey

Cabinet Member for Community Safety and Wellbeing 40 Viburnum Close, Ashford, Kent TN23 3LB



Civic Centre Tannery Lane Ashford Kent TN23 1PL 01233 331111

www.ashford.gov.uk
@ashfordcouncil
AshfordBoroughCouncil

NHS England and NHS Improvement Specialised Commissioning

Via email Ask for: Cllr Peter Feacey Email: peter.feacey@ashford.gov.uk

Direct line: 07788 482053 Date 15 March 2022

Dear NHS England and NHS Improvement Specialised Commissioning Team

Improving Vascular Services across East Kent, Medway and Maidstone

I write on behalf of Ashford Borough Council in my capacity as the Portfolio Holder for Community Safety and Wellbeing to provide feedback on the Improving Vascular Services consultation document.

We acknowledge and support the ambition to create a vascular service of excellence for Kent and Medway that ensures the best outcomes and chances of survival for patients based on best practice agreed by experts. We further support the desire to ensure that we have more specialists available 24/7 with the right specialist skills, equipment and infrastructure. We note and support the aspiration to meet national standards for vascular services.

The desire and indeed the advantages that flow from having a single centre are acknowledged. While every community would like to have a single centre located in their area, it is clear that specialist services need to have large catchment areas so that the specialist doctors see enough cases to be properly skilled. This makes it inevitable that some will live further from a specialist centre than others.

With regard to services at the William Harvey Hospital (WHH), we note that little will change. We welcome the decision to retain outpatient clinics and diagnostic tests at the WHH. It is clearly important to provide as many services locally as possible, especially when patients have to attend multiple times over an extended period. We also note that Ashford patients are already travelling to the Kent & Canterbury Hospital (K&C Hospital) for vascular procedures and that emergency surgery takes place there. The number of patients affected by the change is also relatively small which is clearly relevant and limits impact.

Whist acknowledging the reasons for proposing a single centre at the K&C Hospital, our aspiration is for the centre to be ultimately located within the WHH. We note that the current proposal is a



medium term solution and that the centre will need to be sited within a major hospital. The fact that the K&C Hospital is not a major hospital (i.e. no A&E provision) is noted and consequently, we believe, is a deviation from the national standard. It is hoped the vascular service (and indeed other services not currently provided) will finally be located at the WHH and believe that this is possible in the context of the wider East Kent (EK) hospital transformation programme. It is clear that vascular services will need to be moved to whichever hospital option is finally chosen (i.e. the WHH or a new hospital).

We must stress that our ambition is to support expansion of the WHH in order to meet the demands of our growing local population as well as meeting the needs of EK and beyond.

It is important to stress the challenges for those who do have to travel to Canterbury for vascular services. This is a relevant consideration not least when one considers the planned withdrawal of bus services for many of the more rural areas of the county.

Finally, what is important during this interim period is that the desired improvements are actually realised. There need to be more specialists actually available 24/7, with access to more specialists, and more support staff. There must be no increase in waiting times for planned vascular procedures and the necessary communication processes (including IT and access to records) must be in place to ensure that those outside the centre know what is happening. If this is not achieved our patients will not have the best outcomes and chances of survival and the ambition to create a vascular service of excellence for Kent and Medway will not have been achieved.

I hope this is helpful and thank you for considering our feedback.

Kind regards

Pfeacey

Councillor Peter Feacey Portfolio Holder for Community Safety & Wellbeing









Appendix 13: MP Response





Sent Via Email to: england.seconsultation@nhs.net

23rd February 2022

Dear Sir or Madam,

We are writing to you as the Members of Parliament for Rochester and Strood, and Gillingham and Rainham, in reference to the ongoing consultation regarding vascular services in Kent and Medway.

The vast majority of our constituencies and wider the Medway Towns are served by Medway Maritime Hospital, which we note will be affected by the changes set out in the consultation document. While it is welcome that vascular day services and rehabilitation will remain at Medway Maritime, it is disappointing that we will be losing our vascular inpatient services for patients requiring an overnight stay.

Medway is the largest and most densely populated part of Kent and we already have a high level of health deprivation, inequality, and underinvestment. It is our concern that, yet again, services are being moved out of Medway to elsewhere in the county.

While we note that there is an increased desire to set up specialist hubs across health organisation, we feel though this is constantly coming at the detriment of Medway. For example we have recently lost our Hyper-Acute Stroke Unit and there are plans to remove the mental health inpatient ward (Ruby Ward) from Medway Maritime. Additionally, we have lost the dedicated Medway CCG and we are worried that Medway is not getting the focus, support, or investment it needs.

A decision to move services from Medway to Canterbury will ultimately mean that all of our constituents will have to travel further to receive specialist vascular services, and this is becoming increasingly difficult to justify with each service we continue to lose.

We understand from the consultation document that part of the reason behind the decision was that "Medway Maritime Hospital does not have the space to take over the provision of all vascular inpatients for east Kent, Medway and Maidstone. Extra building would be needed and the site does not have space for this. Building work would also delay the implementation which is needed urgently."

It has long been the opinion of Medway MPs, Medway NHS Foundation Trust, and our constituents that a new hospital is needed for Medway, and we have begun to push for this both publicly and directly to the Government. As this would be a longer-term consideration, it is also our belief that we urgently need investment into short-term capacity upgrades. This consultation only further consolidates the need to begin looking into these options as soon as possible.

While we understand the benefits of improving specialist vascular services across the county, we worry that again patients in Medway are set to lose the most and cannot continue to support the relocation of services without the population of Medway getting any substantive improvements. We urge the CCG to provide some clear commitments to the patients of Medway on the future availability of health services and the urgent need for capacity upgrades.

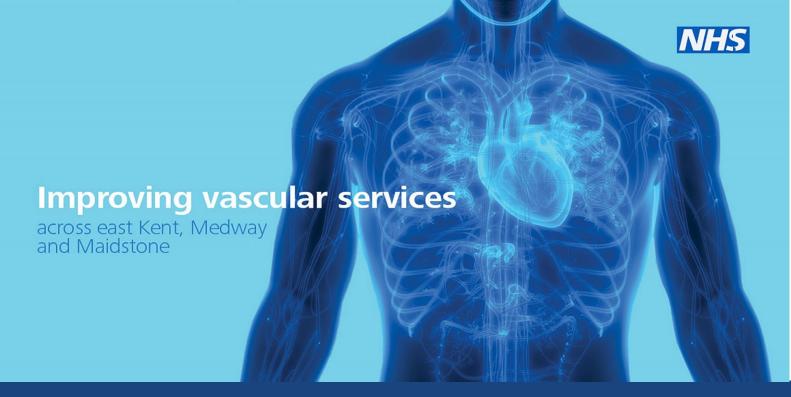
Yours faithfully,

Kelly Tolhurst MP Member of Parliament for

Rochester and Strood

Rehman Chishti MP

Member of Parliament for Gillingham and Rainham



Have your say on vascular services

Appendix 14: Consultation Flyer

The NHS is consulting on a proposal to improve vascular services in the east Kent, Medway and Maidstone areas.

We welcome the opportunity to listen to your views before the consultation closes on 15 March 2022.

Join an online listening event to hear from vascular experts and tell us what you think.

Weds 9 February 5pm -7pm

Tues 22 February 10am-12noon

Tues 1 March 10am-12noon

Tues 8 March 11am-1pm

More here:

Appendix 15: Consultation Communications and Engagement Strategy

https://www.england.nhs.uk/south-east/wp-content/uploads/sites/45/2022/01/Kent-vascular-consultation-strategy-2021-v5.pdf







Appendix 16: Summary of Consultation costs

Activity	Cost
Translations (final page of consultation document)	£200
Design consultation document	£1,960
Design & advertising social media	£1,750
Video for consultation website, social media and media	£5,000
Diabetes UK mail out	£3,048
Printing	£3,100
SCW consultation support Survey development, hosting, events, analysis & report	£26,716

Joining the dots across health and care



NOTE:

This report was compiled with the support of NHS South Central and West Commissioning Support Unit (SCW). All responses to the consultation including letters and emails from the public (names and addresses redacted), letters and emails from stakeholders, completed survey responses and details of meetings were shared with SCW who conducted an analysis of the data and all responses, identified the key themes and drafted this consultation report.





By: Kay Goldsmith, Scrutiny Research Officer to the Kent Health Overview

and Scrutiny Committee

To: Kent and Medway NHS Joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee, 26 April

2022

Subject: East Kent Transformation Programme

Summary: This report invites the Kent and Medway NHS Joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee to consider the information provided by the Kent and

Medway CCG.

1) Introduction

a) The programme of work under consideration for this item has been in development for a number of years. In November 2017 the NHS announced a 'medium list' of two potential options and has been working since then on developing these options. The shortlist of options was announced on 16 January 2020.

b) The two options are:

- i. Two site emergency department model with William Harvey Hospital as the Major Emergency Centre
- ii. One site emergency department model with Kent and Canterbury Hospital as the Major Emergency Centre
- c) The Committee received its last formal update on 2 December 2021. The report from the NHS provided an update on developments to the national process for allocating capital funding for new hospitals under the Government's Health Infrastructure Plan (HIP)1 and the New Hospitals Programme, that relate to the East Kent programme.
- d) The Committee also agreed to send a letter of support for the Trust in support of the Trust's Expression of Interest for capital funding.

2) Joint Scrutiny

a) Regulation 23 of the Local Authority (Public Health, Health and Wellbeing Boards and Health Scrutiny) Regulations 2013 requires relevant NHS bodies and health service providers to consult a local authority about any proposal which they have under consideration for a substantial development or variation in the provision of health services in the local authority's area. This obligation requires notification and publication of the date on which it is

- proposed to make a decision as to whether to proceed with the proposal and the date by which Overview and Scrutiny may comment.
- b) The Medway Health and Adult Social Care Overview and Scrutiny Committee (HASC) considered the proposals relating to Transforming Health and Care in East Kent on 16 October 2018. They determined that the reconfiguration constituted a substantial variation in the provision of health services in Medway.
- c) The Kent Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee (HOSC) considered the item on 21 September 2018. The Committee also deemed the changes to be a substantial variation in the provision of health services in Kent.
- d) In line with Regulation 30 of the Local Authority (Public Health, Health and Wellbeing Boards and Health Scrutiny) Regulations 2013¹ the Kent and Medway NHS Joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee (JHOSC) is meeting for the first time of this issue. The JHOSC may:
 - make comments on the proposal;
 - require the provision of information about the proposal; and
 - require the relevant NHS bodies and health service providers to attend before it to answer questions in connection with the consultation.
- e) The legislation makes provision for local authorities to report a contested substantial health service development or variation to the Secretary of State. This only applies in certain circumstances and the local authority and relevant health body must take reasonable steps to resolve any disagreement in relation to the proposals.
- f) The JHOSC may consider whether the reconfiguration should be referred to the Secretary of State under regulation 23(9) of the 2013 Regulations. The Committee must recommend a course of action to the relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committees.
- g) The JHOSC cannot itself refer a decision to the Secretary of State. This responsibility lies with the Kent County Council HOSC and/or the Medway Council HASC.

4. Recommendation

The JHOSC is invited to note the report.

When NHS bodies and health services consult more than one local authority on a proposal which they have under consideration for a substantial development of or variation in the provision of health services in the local authorities' areas, those local authorities mystage joint Overview and Scrutiny Committee (JHOSC) for the purposes of the consultation.

Background Documents

Kent County Council (2018) 'Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee (27/04/2018)', https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=112&Mld=7846&Ver=4

Kent County Council (2018) 'Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee (08/06/2018)', https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=112&Mld=7918&Ver=4

Kent County Council (2018) 'Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee (20/07/2018)', https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=112&Mld=7919&Ver=4

Kent County Council (2018) 'Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee (21/09/2018)', https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=112&Mld=7921&Ver=4

Medway Council (2018) 'Health and Adult Social Care Overview and Scrutiny Committee (16/10/2018), https://democracy.medway.gov.uk/mgAi.aspx?ID=19800

Kent County Council (2020) 'Kent and Medway Joint NHS Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee' (06/02/2020),

https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=757&Mld=8624&Ver=4

Kent County Council (2020) 'Kent and Medway Joint NHS Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee' (28/09/2020),

https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=757&Mld=8675&Ver=4

Kent County Council (2021) 'Kent and Medway Joint NHS Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee' (17/03/2021),

https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=757&Mld=8769&Ver=4

Kent County Council (2021) 'Kent and Medway Joint NHS Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee' (02/12/2021),

https://democracy.kent.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=757&Mld=8940&Ver=4

Contact Details

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East Kent Clinical Transformation Programme

Briefing for Joint Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee members

Purpose of briefing

This briefing provides an update on the next steps to transform acute services in East Kent. Last Autumn the Trust submitted an expression of interest for £460 million capital investment to the new hospitals programme, seeking vital and long overdue investment in our hospitals for the long term. A decision on the long-listed schemes is expected soon. A successful bid is essential before the NHS can consult on options to transform how our services are delivered in future. In the meantime, we are undertaking due diligence with the construction industry to further test the viability and deliverability of both options. This exploratory process is an important piece of work that will provide an additional assurance test before consultation gets underway

Pre-Consultation Business Case

The Pre-Consultation Business Case (PCBC) for the East Kent Transformation Programme has been supported by local NHS organisations and our regulator, NHS England and NHS Improvement (NHSEI). The PCBC outlines East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trust's clinical strategy, which can be delivered through one of two possible estates solutions:

- Option 1 Two site Emergency Care model with A&E departments at William Harvey
 Hospital (WHH) in Ashford and Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother Hospital (QEQM) in
 Margate. WHH would become the Major Emergency Centre for east Kent with specialist
 services co-located there. This option would require building works to be undertaken to
 accommodate the clinical service requirements and address the estates backlog
 requirements at WHH and QEQM. In addition, building and refurbishment works would
 also be required at the Kent and Canterbury Hospital (K&C) in Canterbury.
- Option 2 One site Emergency Care model with K&C as the Major Emergency Centre for east Kent. This option would require a new hospital extension to be built on land adjacent to the existing Kent and Canterbury Hospital owned by the Canterbury City Council (CCC) and Kent County Council (KCC). The shell and core of the new hospital extension would be funded and provided by a private developer. The NHS would then complete the fit-out of the shell and core to complete the hospital. Further building and refurbishment work would also be undertaken at WHH and QEQM.

In October 2021 an application for capital was made to the Department for Health and Social Care New Hospitals Programme and we await feedback. In parallel we also need to ensure that both options are viable, financially feasible and deliverable before finalising the PCBC and commencing a public consultation for the proposed changes.



Due diligence and soft market testing exercise

The process to more robustly test the options requires engagement with the construction industry who to review the viability, financial feasibility and deliverability of the two estates options.

The Trust and its legal advisers developed a financial and commercial due diligence and soft market testing exercise based on the formal Public Contract Regulations procurement process. The exercise is an iterative one and will depend on the level of interest and the credibility of this interest. The approach for the exercise was approved through the governance processes of the Trust's Board and NHS Kent and Medway CCG's Governing Body. Other relevant stakeholders have also been notified of the process including KCC, CCC and the Trust's Council of Governors.

In February, NHSEI also confirmed its support for the pre-consultation financial and commercial due diligence and soft market testing exercise to be undertaken and therefore the process commenced late March. This work is due to complete by July 2022.

Expression of Interest for the Health Infrastructure Plan

In July 2021, the Department of Health and Social Care (DoHSC) invited expressions of interests (EOI) from mental health, community and acute NHS trusts who wish to be considered for inclusion in the next wave of the Government's Health Infrastructure Plan (HIP).

In October 2021, the Trust submitted an EOI for around £460m of Treasury capital to enable the East Kent Transformation Programme to be delivered. The EOI will form one part of the first stage of the Government's selection process for the HIP. It will be combined with evidence from existing national datasets (official data, signed off by provider chief executives) as well as discussions with regional and local NHS leaders.

It was initially thought that the Department of Health and Social Care (DHSC) would inform trusts of the outcome of this first stage of the selection process by the end of December 2021. However, this has been delayed due to the COVID pandemic. At the time of compiling this briefing, we are still waiting to hear whether our application has been successful in being placed on a longlist of proposals to continue to the next stage.

We believe the DHSC is aiming to make the final decision on the next eight hospitals to form part of the national programme by the end of 2022.

Next Steps

- The financial and commercial due diligence and soft market testing exercise is due to continue to run through to the end of July.
- We wait to hear from the DHSC to see if our Expression of Interest to be one of the latest eight schemes under the Government's Health Infrastructure Plan.



• We will continue to engage with key stakeholders (including Councillors and MPs) to gain awareness, understanding and support for investment in local services.

ENDS

