From: Derek Murphy, Cabinet Member, Economic Development

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Environment & Transport

To: Growth, Economic Development and Communities Cabinet

Committee – 21 September 2021

Subject: Regional Growth Fund Monitoring Report – Q1 2021/22

Classification: Unrestricted

Summary: This report summarises the results of KCC's monitoring returns from businesses that have received loans and equity from KCC managed Government funded Business Investment Schemes – this consists of the current Kent and Medway Business Fund (KMBF) scheme and the former Regional Growth Fund (RGF) schemes.

Since 2012, the number of new and protected jobs recorded up to the end of June 2021 is 4,927, consisting of 3,126 new jobs and 1,402 protected jobs. The average cost per job is £1,422.

Loan repayments to date of the value of £30,078,015 have been received. These repayments are being recycled through the Kent and Medway Business Fund to enable KCC to continue to offer financial support for new investment.

Out of the 150 loans being reported, 70.6% are rated as Green or Amber (covered in paragraph 3.1).

Recommendation: The Growth, Economic Development and Communities Cabinet Committee is asked to note the report.

1. Background Information

- 1.1 The Regional Growth Fund (RGF) was established in June 2010 with three objectives:
 - To facilitate new investment by private sector enterprise: the aim was to support projects with significant potential for economic growth and to create sustainable private sector employment.
 - To help those areas and communities that were particularly dependent on the public sector to make the transition to sustainable private sector-led growth and prosperity; and
 - To address a market failure in the provision of bank lending to viable small and medium sized businesses who had a limited credit history or track record and required finance on flexible terms given their limited collateral.

- 1.2 The Department for Business, Energy, and Industrial Strategy (BEIS) allocated £55 million from the Government's Regional Growth Fund to KCC between 2011 and 2014. This funded three RGF schemes covering the whole of Kent and Medway and additional local authority areas:
 - Expansion East Kent (East Kent £35 million);
 - Tiger (North Kent and Thurrock £14.5 million);
 - Escalate (West Kent and parts of East Sussex £5.5 million).
- 1.3 These RGF schemes provided grants, loans, and equity investments for businesses with investment plans leading to job creation and growth from November 2011 to January 2016. For most businesses, loan finance was provided at 0% interest, with a repayment period of between five and seven years. The schemes also allocated grants and equity investments.
- 1.4 From January 2017, KCC used the recycled RGF loan repayments to enable the Kent and Medway Business Fund (KMBF) to provide loans and equity investments ranging between £50,000-£500,000 to eligible businesses across Kent and Medway. The majority of funding recipients receive 0% interest loans, with a repayment period of up to five years. The recycled RGF loan repayments are also used to finance the Kent Life Sciences (KLS) Fund, a sub-programme of the KMBF scheme. This provides equity investments predominantly in the life science sector. A summary of the equity investments can be found in Section 4 of this report.
- 1.5 All applications to RGF schemes and the KMBF undergo due diligence inquiries before being examined by the Investment Advisory Board (IAB). The majority of the members of this Board come from the private sector, including Finance and Banking, Manufacturing, and the Scientific and Creative Industries. Once an application has been reviewed by the Board, it makes a recommendation to KCC to Approve or Reject the project and what conditions should be set if funding is approved.
- 1.6 Invicta Law Ltd provides advice on contracts, insolvency issues and works with the KCC Business Investment Team to recover the maximum amount of loan value. KCC Internal Audit oversees the investment procedures and processes and advice on other matters related to the use of the funds.
- 1.7 In order to reduce the risk of default, KCC requires applicants to provide some form of security, whether through assets, property, or personal guarantees for all loans over £100,000. For loans between £50,000 and £100,000, the IAB may recommend a Personal Guarantee be taken before funding is given, though it is not a requirement.
- 1.8 Where businesses find it difficult to repay the loans, KCC can offer to restructure their debt to support further business growth and resume repayments. In cases of non-engagement, KCC pursues loan recovery through Security or Personal Guarantees, where applicable (see Section 2.1).
- 1.9 Working with external partners, KCC has recently established a Recovery Working Group, a sub-group of the IAB, to advise on technical issues related to the recovery of existing investments (see Section 2.1).

1.10 Many loan recipients have incurred significant economic disruption caused by the Covid-19 outbreak. This report will outline the various actions undertaken to support businesses in receipt of loan and equity investment from the former RGF schemes and the Kent and Medway Business Fund.

2. Update on all Government Funded KCC Business Investment Schemes

- 2.1 Since the last report presented to this Committee in November 2020, to mitigate the impact of the Covid-19 outbreak on its loan recipients and the wider business community KCC agreed to offer all loan recipients an additional six-month repayment holiday until September 2021 (18 months in total, since March 2020). KCC have continued to monitor the existing loan recipients.
- 2.2 The table below shows the total funding committed in loan and equity investments, broken down by local authority area, the number of jobs created\protected and private sector investment (leverage) as of the 30 June 2021.

Districts	Funding per Local Authority £	Private Investment £	No of Businesses	No of Jobs Created	No of Jobs Protected	Total Number of Jobs
Ashford	£1,039,600	£982,928	17	34	21	55
Canterbury	£9,270,080	£9,737,619	60	311	89	400
Dartford	£2,470,115	£2,238,578	16	119	53	172
Dover	£13,530,183	£12,636,972	57	370	162	532
Folkestone & Hythe	£6,513,468	£10,175,900	30	244	122	366
Gravesham	£881,062	£843,375	5	55	60	115
Maidstone	£3,272,587	£3,487,936	19	100	91	190
Medway	£4,798,621	£4,246,218	26	232	155	387
Rother (1)	£136,250	£136,250	3	24	3	27
Sevenoaks	£644,000	£760,472	7	48	18	66
Swale	£7,685,202	£19,140,158	27	284	287	571
Thanet	£8,416,256	£11,264,724	62	446	277	723
Thurrock (2)	£1,121,700	£1,421,355	5	72	13	85
Tonbridge & Malling	£1,173,510	£1,187,798	12	46	21	67
Tunbridge Wells	£1,993,000	£2,257,250	16	136	26	162
Wealden (1)	£200,000	£200,000	1	5	4	9
Total	£63,145,634	£80,717,533	363	3,126	1,402	4,927

- (1) Not part of the eligible area for the Kent and Medway Business Fund since 2017
- (2) KCC is now working with Thurrock to develop a fund managed by KCC to support Thurrock businesses as agreed in Key Decision 20/00103.
- 2.3 All businesses are still required to complete a monitoring return as part of their loan agreements with the County Council and these must include employment contracts and copies of payroll as evidence for jobs created and protected. The cumulative total of jobs that have been created or protected is 4,927 as of 30 June 2021. This is an increase of 276 since the last report submitted to this Committee in November 2020 (4,651). This increase is in part due to additional KMBF Capital Growth and KMBF Recovery loan recipients being added to the monitoring cycle. It should also be noted we have also seen jobs lost in some companies and we anticipate possible further job losses in Q2 2021/22 when the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme (furlough) scheme, is expected to cease. There is an overall target of

- 5,990 jobs (4,402 new jobs and 1,588 protected jobs) for the period up to March 2023.
- 2.4 KCC supported the establishment of an on-line COVID-19 Questionnaire to encourage feedback and build intelligence on local companies and the Kent economy during the pandemic and has been liaising with the Kent Invicta Chamber of Commerce, Federation of Small Businesses, Locate in Kent, and other business bodies to assess the current gaps in financial support. The feedback and intelligence obtained is being used to inform the relaunch of KMBF.

3. Loan Monitoring

- 3.1 As part of the loan agreement, each business is contracted to provide a quarterly monitoring return. These returns are in arrears of the previous quarter, and upon receipt and internal validation, one of the following RAG ratings is applied:
 - Green Risk Status: full return received and no outstanding issues;
 - Amber Risk Status: partial return received and/or some issues re contracted milestones:
 - Red Risk Status: Category A (Bad debt); Category B (No monitoring return);
 Category C (Non-achievement of key milestones/targets, including loan repayment, job outcomes and/or delay to planned objectives).
- 3.2 Out of the 150 being reported on during the monitoring period 1 April 2021 to 30 June 2021, 106 (71%) of returns were flagged as Green or Amber. The value of those loans was £17,310,570. Of the total number of businesses monitored during the period 11 identified were in the Red Category B (No monitoring return) and 33 businesses were identified as Red Category C (Non-achievement of key milestones/targets).
- 3.3 67 businesses have had loans or equity which are in Category A (Bad Debt) with a value of £9,302,882 of which £2,293,657 has so far been recovered. The total of funds not yet recovered is therefore £7,009,225 which equates to 11.10% of the total loan and equity investments made. This includes businesses which KCC is still actively pursuing to repay the debt and where further debt recovery is still possible (£2,990,665). The total of loans written off (where debt recovery is no longer possible) is £5,270,465.

4. Equity Investments

- 4.1 Between 2013 and 2016 KCC made equity investments in 19 businesses at a cumulative initial value of £8,990,634 at the time the respective equity investments were made.
- 4.2 In January 2017 the Kent Life Sciences (KLS) Fund was established with the aim of making equity investments in companies with game-changing medical technologies and advanced therapeutics. This sector was targeted because of its high growth potential and the opportunities it offered to build upon the facilities offered by Discovery Park, Kent Science Park and the Kent based universities. KCC has committed equity investments to nine businesses at a cumulative initial value of £4,350,000. KLS is funded from recycled RGF loan repayments.

- 4.3 In making these equity investments, KCC sees its role as a "patient investor" and it is anticipated the Council will not accrue a positive return from most of the businesses for a further three to five years. NCL Technology Ventures (NCL) have been appointed by KCC to manage, monitor, and oversee these investments. NCL work with businesses to design an appropriate exit strategy for each investment. Quarterly reports on the performance of all the equity investments are provided to the KMBF Investment Advisory Board (chaired by a KCC Member) and an annual report is provided to the KCC Governance and Audit Committee as part of the reporting on companies in which KCC has an interest.
- 4.4 NCL have designated 17 of KCC's equity investments as having Green Risk Status, five as Amber Risk Status and three as Red Risk Status. Three of KCC equity investments (total initial value £2,274,072) are designated as Bad Debt as of 30 June 2021.
- 4.5 To mitigate the economic impact of the Covid-19 outbreak on the companies in receipt of equity funding, KCC has been working with NCL to ensure that the innovative companies in which KCC invested have received specialist support and assistance.

5. Cost per Job

- 5.1 The cumulative total amount of repayments expected in the nine years to June 2021 was £30,861,068. The actual amount receipted by the end of June 2021 was £28,164,073 which represents an achievement of 91.26%. In terms of the unrecovered funds, the cost per job is £1,422.
- In terms of the total loan and equity awarded by the former RGF and KMBF schemes the average "cost" per job is £12,816 in comparison with the national average for Regional Growth Fund Schemes of £37,400 per job (over the first four RGF rounds according to the 2014 National Audit Office report on the Regional Growth Fund).

6. Legal

6.1 KCC has two contracts with BEIS and it also has legal agreements with the company undertaking independent financial appraisals and the company managing the equity portfolio.

7. Policy Framework

- 7.1 KCC's Interim Strategic Plan sets out the short terms goals and this scheme assists in meeting the Economic Challenge.
- 7.2 The impact of Covid19 has impacted on this scheme and KCC have instituted measures to mitigate these impacts and these have been outlined in this Report.

8. Equalities and data protection implications

8.1 An Equality Impact Assessment (EqIA) was undertaken in March 2021 and is attached to this report.

8.2 The EqIA will be kept under review as the project progresses.

9. Data protection

9.1 No adverse data protection issues are expected as part of this project.

10. Recommendation

Recommendation:

The Growth, Economic Development and Communities Cabinet Committee is asked to note the report.

11. Contact details

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